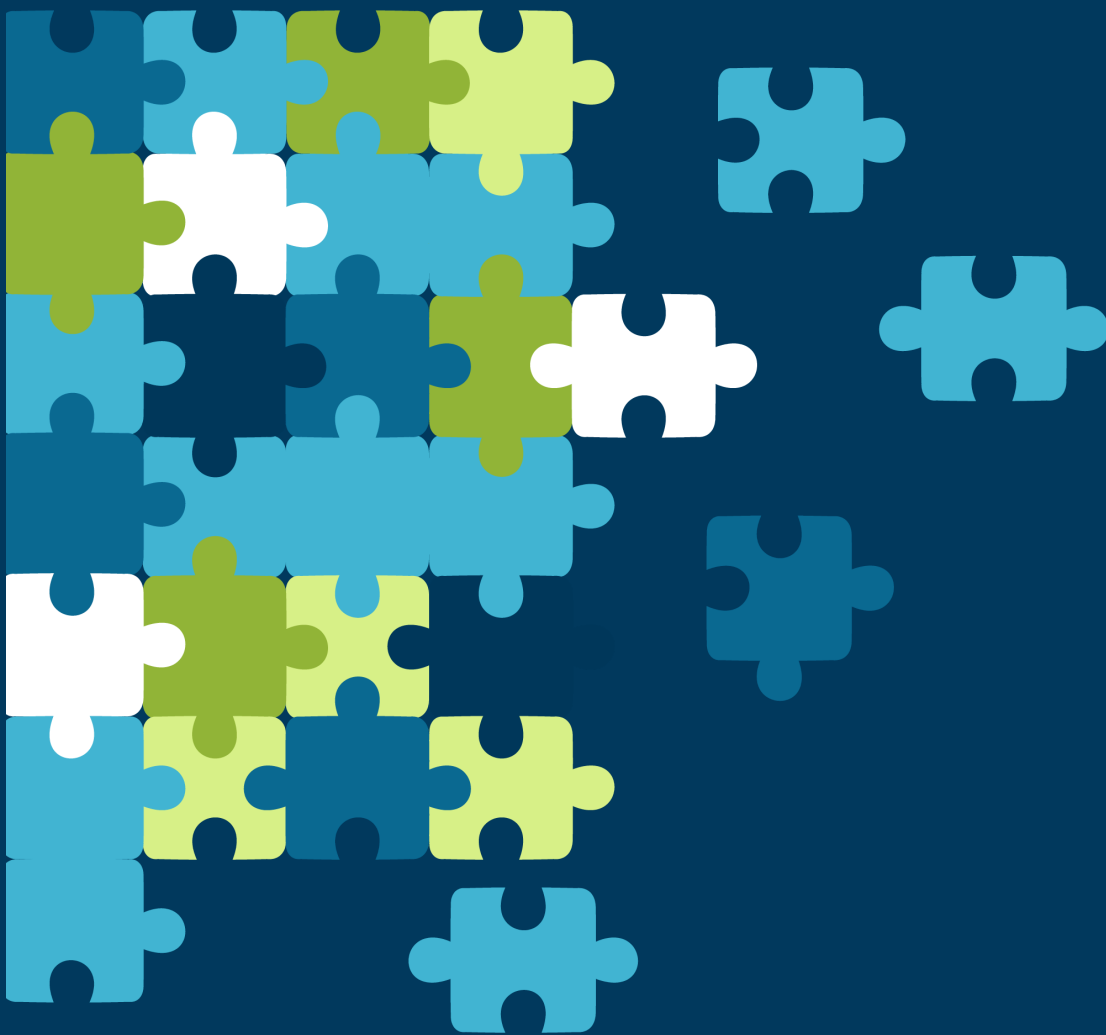


THE MISSING THIRD OF PAKISTAN

a tehsil-wise analysis of out of school children



August 2024



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This document, the discourse, denials and disbelief surrounding the numbers, and superficial actions to address one of Pakistan's major national security challenges would not have been possible without the '25 Million Broken Promises' published by the Alif Ailaan education campaign, the subsequent work by the Pakistan Institute of Education (formerly AEPAM), and the recently published District Education Performance Index by the Ministry of Planning, Development and Special Initiatives.

We hope to see concerted efforts towards addressing the issue of out of school children through targeted interventions, letting go of the one-solution-across-the-board management style, the understanding that we can only provide access to quality education if we realise the link between quality and access, and shedding the existing state's delivery structure to design one that is based on our children's needs.

The report is one way for PAMS to contribute to the body of knowledge surrounding educational access in Pakistan. The hope is that the tehsil-wise data availability will allow for policy makers, education managers and development partners to deliver interventions targeted at a sub-district administrative level.

Sincere thanks to the authors, Ghamae Jamal and Huma Zia, to Anam Mansuri, Bilal Qureshi, Ifra Salman from the design and communications team who worked on making this report readable and accessible, Ebraheem Alam for the extensive data scraping and cleaning, Danyal Naveed Khan, Hira Shariq, Ifra Salman, Iqra Akram, Jamal Anwar, Phziya Tariq, Roshaan Bukhari, Sana Kazmi and Shumile Fatima from PAMS who undertook multiple rounds of quality assurance on the data and analysis presented in this report.

We have made every effort to ensure that the data and analysis shared in this report is accurate. For any errors, the undersigned is responsible.

Salman Naveed Khan

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INTRODUCTION

This document is an update on The Missing Third (2021), an out of school children study, released three years ago based on the Population Census 2017 and the Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement 2019-20. This iteration is exclusively based on the Population Census 2023 data made publicly available in July this year.

The report provides a sub-district analysis of data to identify intra provincial and intra district disparities. Tehsils are ranked by the proportion of out of school children rather than absolute numbers, considering the significant population differences across tehsils. For example, most tehsils in Balochistan have a 5-16 years cohort population between 10,000-50,000, while in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Sindh, the cohort size is between 50,000-250,000. In Punjab, over 70% of tehsils have a school-going age population between 100,000-500,000. Ideally, policy makers and education managers should have information at the union council level for effective decision making.

Almost 79% of the out of school children have never been enrolled; however, once you zoom into a province, district and then tehsil, the Pakistan-level numbers are not useful. In Dobandi tehsil (District Killa Abdullah), over 98% of those out of school have never enrolled in an educational institution. In comparison, less than 30% of those in Sohawa tehsil (District Jhelum) have never been to school.

Amongst the seven age cohorts defined by the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, the highest literacy rate (78%) is for those children aged 13-14 years. While this shows that a large majority of children (5-16 years) are enrolled or have attended an educational institution, this statistic also challenges the belief among education managers that enrolment drives have paid dividends. The literacy rate, a very basic denominator in educational outcomes, of the 5-9 years age cohort is only 35%.

INTRODUCTION

Through this document, we hope to help identify where the children whom the Pakistani state is failing currently reside, at an administrative unit where specific actions will need to be undertaken. A standard response to improving access is to carry out enrolment drives; while these are important and, in some cases, necessary, it also goes to show how decision making is rarely being undertaken based on the publicly available data and how holding banners and posing for photos is often considered an effective communications campaign.

In places where a significant majority of out of school children have attended school and then dropped out, the mechanism to reach them will have to be different. If the same children are in an urban and high densely populated area, the interventions will need to be different. If a girl child and over a thousand of her peers, all adolescents, are residing in a rural and sparsely populated area, with negligible percentage of literate parents, the way to implement Article 25A will and should, differ.

This document will not have all the answers. Due to the limited availability of data, we are unable to analyse how many of the 2 million children living with disabilities and functional limitations are attending school, what the OOSC numbers look like at the union council level, the number of children who are enrolled in private schools and madaris, which districts and tehsils are significantly state-dependent in terms of educational facilities, and why over 5 million children enrolled in school but dropped out.

The Missing Third does not cover the sub-districts from Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Gilgit Baltistan due to unavailability of data in the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics' publications.

METHODOLOGY

The report sourced data from the Population & Housing Census 2023, a publicly available dataset released by the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics in July 2024, to calculate the number of OOSC at the national, provincial, district, and tehsil levels. The following indicators have been sourced from the tables in the Census:

- The total population of a tehsil – Table 5 (Population by selected age group, sex and rural/urban). The population in this table only includes population for whom all the detailed information (demographic and housing indicators) is complete
- Literacy rates (for ages 10 and above); number of out of school children (5-16 years); and number of drop out and never enrolled (5-16 years) for each tehsil – Table 12 (Literacy rate, enrolments, and out of school population by sex and rural/urban)
- The population of 5-16 age group for each tehsil - Table 13 (a) (Population and literacy rate for special age groups by rural/urban and sex)

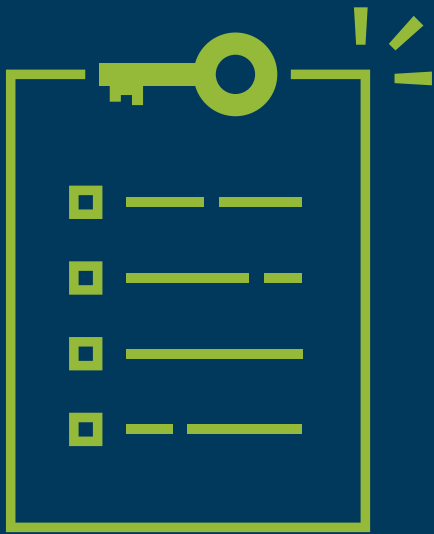
The Census 2023 provides a break-up of the population based on age cohort in the rural and urban parts of every tehsil for each gender. These indicators were also used for the analysis.

The report ranks tehsils based on the proportion of OOSC (5-16years), with rankings improving as the proportion decreases. For consistency, all administrative units, regardless of local terminology (sub-division, sub-tehsil, tehsil, town or taluka), are referred to as "tehsil" in this report.

LIMITATIONS

- The report does not cover the sub-districts from Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Gilgit Baltistan due to unavailability of data in the Census 2023
- Number of districts and tehsils in each province is dependent on the Census data
- Islamabad Capital Territory has been considered as a separate tehsil (and district) in the national ranking
- The number of transgender individuals has been included in the total number of out of school children at the tehsil, district and provincial levels, but the gendered analysis in this report is only for girls and boys.

KEY TAKEAWAYS



KEY TAKEAWAYS

1

Over 50% of the never enrolled children are aged 5-9 years, threatening Pakistan's future literacy rates

Children between the ages of 5 and 9 years are at the highest disadvantage, with 51% of them not enrolled in school (among the never enrolled children within school-going age)



LATE SCHOOL ENROLMENT

contributes to 51% of the never enrolled children between the ages 5-9

This critical age cohort, which makes up **45%** of all children aged 5-16 (32 million out of 72 million), is facing a severe education deficit. This alarming trend of late enrolments, if not urgently addressed, will not only inflate the out of school children crisis but also pose a significant threat to the country's overall literacy rate over the next decade

Every second child that has never stepped inside a classroom is between the ages 5-9



Literacy among children aged 5 to 9 years is the lowest within 5-16 year olds

Ideally, Pakistani children should be literate before they reach the end of the 5-9 years cohort. Across all tehsils, the age cohorts with the highest literacy rate are those either in the 11-13 years or the 14-15 years brackets



Despite the curriculum's aim to build foundational skills in the primary years of schooling, **only 35% of Pakistani children** attain basic literacy skills by the age of 9

2

45 lagging tehsils, including provincial capitals, account for a quarter of Pakistan's out of school children

Tehsils from provincial capitals are a part of list of highest OOSC-tehsils in the country



45 Tehsils / 591 Tehsils

contribute to **26%** of Pakistan's out of school children crisis

Punjab faces the most severe challenge with 30 of these lagging tehsils, followed by 12 in Sindh, 2 in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, and 1 in Balochistan



Amongst these lagging tehsils, 11 are home to

>100,000 OOSC

in Karachi, Lahore, Peshawar and Quetta

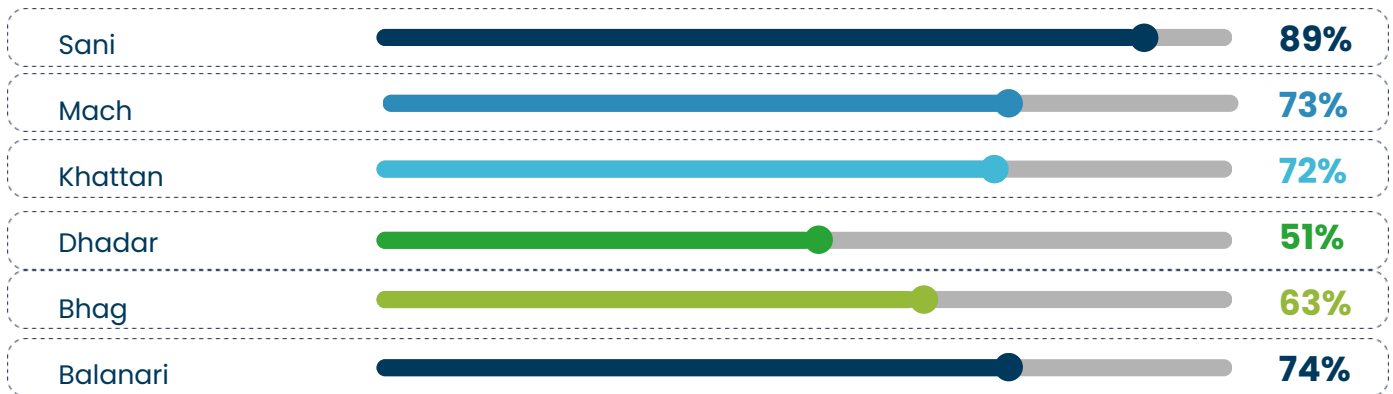
3

Sub-district disparity is alarmingly high

A tehsil-wise analysis for each district depicts shocking disparity within the ambit of out of school crisis. Variation in tehsils (within the same district) across gender, dropped out and never been to school, female literacy and rural-urban disparity is explained in some examples below

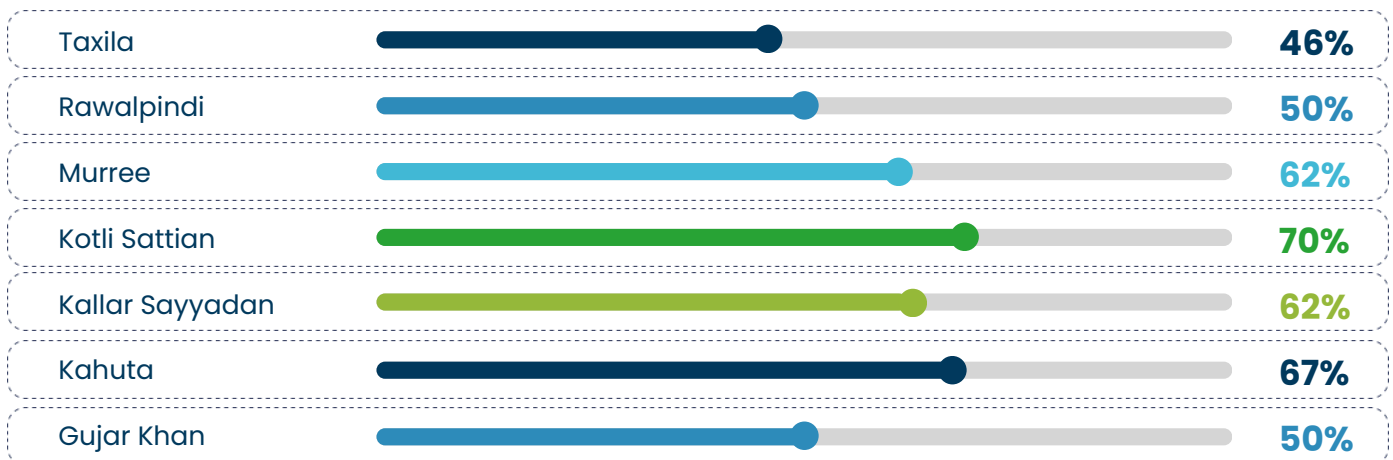
Kachhi District (Balochistan), 76% OOSC, 6 Tehsils

Within Kachhi, Sanni has the highest proportion of OOSC at 89%, while Dhadar has 51% OOSC. This disparity underscores the need for targeted interventions to address the specific needs of each tehsil within Kachhi



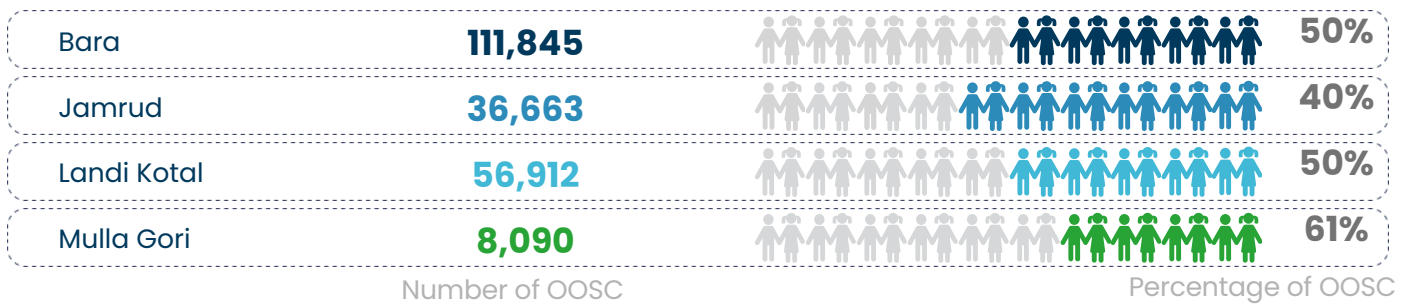
Rawalpindi District (Punjab), 16% OOSC with 50% drop out, 7 Tehsils

Tehsils within Rawalpindi depict huge variation in the proportion of children dropping out among those who are out of school. Of the OOSC in Kotli Sattian, 70% children are those who have been to school and have dropped out (i.e. 30% never enrolled) while Taxila has 46% dropouts (i.e. 54% never enrolled), indicating different sets of policy actions for each tehsil's identified issue



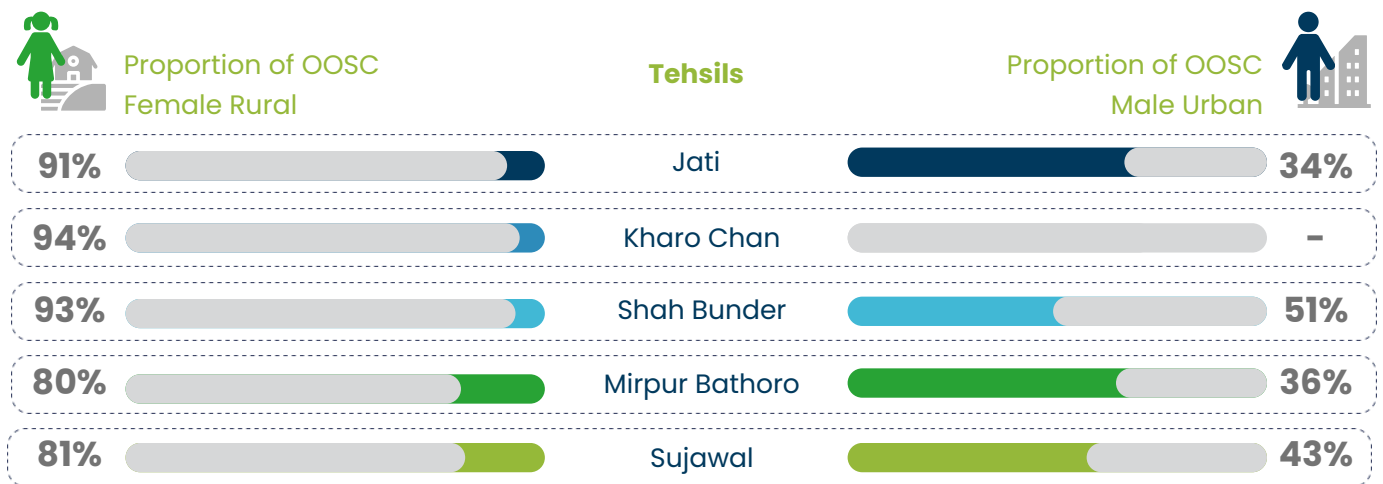
Khyber District (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa), 51% OOSC, 4 Tehsils

Khyber District has a total of 51% children who are out of school. The percentage variance in OOSC within tehsils of Khyber is 6% points (54% OOSC in Bara Tehsil and 61% OOSC in Mulla Gori Tehsil). However, the quantum of children who are currently not in school in the two tehsils varies from almost 112,000 to a little over 8,000, ultimately requiring completely different solutions to enroll the out of school children in each of these tehsils



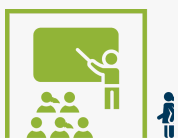
Sujawal District (Sindh), 75% OOSC, 5 Tehsils

Urban rural disparity within tehsils of Sujawal is evident with the proportion of OOSC in rural and urban settings. Among the rural population, 78% of the children are out of school compared to 44% of the urban population not in school. Additionally, among the five tehsils in Sujawal, gender disparity is severe. In Jati, only 34% of urban male children are out of school compared to 91% of female rural children in the same tehsil



4 A deeper tehsil-level analysis of OOSC provides direction to policymakers

This report ranks tehsils on percentage of out of school children at tehsil level, compared it to the quantum of OOSC, and provides a direct starting point for each School Education Department

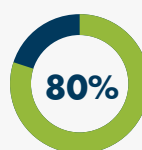


Among the 45 tehsils with the highest number of out of school children

7 Tehsils

each have

>200,000 OOSC



28 Tehsils / 591 Tehsils

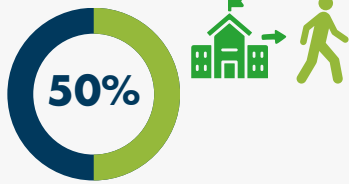
have more than 80% children in the 5-16 age cohort who have never enrolled in school



7 tehsils in Pakistan have out of school girls

>100,000

41 tehsils with highest primary grades enrolment have



of OOSC in the 5-16 age cohort, who have been to school but dropped out



Among the 12 most populated tehsils, on average 75% of children are currently enrolled



However, female literacy remains below 80% in 11 out of these 12 tehsils

For region wise tehsil level analysis, refer to national and provincial sections of the report

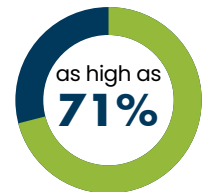
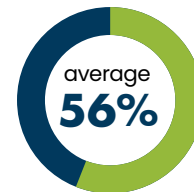
5

Retention of children, particularly girls, is a severe challenge for tehsils with lower out of school children

High drop out rates threaten progress in top tehsils: girls most at risk



The top performing 25 tehsils on OOSC ranking where fewer children are out of school, keeping them enrolled is a big challenge. Girls are particularly affected, making up half of these dropouts. This worrying trend highlights the need for urgent action to keep children, especially girls, in school among the top performing tehsils



On average, 56% of children drop in the out top performing 25 tehsils, with some seeing rates as high as 71%.

6

The ripple effect: low female literacy linked to higher school-age populations and dropouts

Female literacy has a deeper connection with school-age population



Tehsils with very low female literacy (below 10%) tend to have more girls out of school

School-age population in tehsils with very low literacy rate (below 10%)



School-age population in tehsils with higher literacy rates (above 75%)



Female literacy significantly impacts various aspects of life, from the number of children born to the economic status of families, showing a deep connection between education and overall community well-being

This crisis points to the powerful role female literacy plays in determining educational access and population dynamics

7 The (hollowed) Pakistani core

Provincial confluence, defined by 12 districts bordering each other in the center of the country, are lagging behind in each provincial region (and on a national scale too)



These 12 districts are among the most lagging districts in each province. These districts are home to more than **4.2 million** children between the ages 5 and 16 years



56% of which are out of school
Number of OOSC: 2,399,223

A unified and strategic collaboration among the School Education Department(s) of all provinces is essential to elevate the performance of the 12 core districts to match that of the leading districts in Pakistan. This collective effort will ensure a more equitable education landscape across the country, fostering shared success and sustainable development

NATIONAL

پاکستان

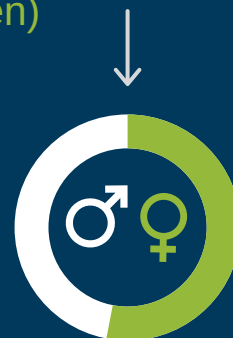
25,373,350 of them are out of school
(36% of all children)



The total number of
5-16 years olds in Pakistan is

71,270,068

47%
11,964,533
boys



53%
13,407,069
girls



74% of OOSC live
in rural areas

18.8 M



26% of OOSC live
in urban areas

6.5 M

TEHSIL RANKINGS

Best performing tehsils in Pakistan (least proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in country (out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
1	Kahuta	Rawalpindi	Punjab	7.66%	4,442
2	Kotli Sattian	Rawalpindi	Punjab	8.52%	2,499
3	Murree	Rawalpindi	Punjab	9.13%	5,927
4	Kallar Syedan	Rawalpindi	Punjab	9.76%	5,763
5	Mastuj	Upper Chitral	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	10.46%	4,613
6	Dina	Jhelum	Punjab	10.85%	6,997
7	Sohawa	Jhelum	Punjab	11.05%	6,014
8	Abbottabad	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	11.55%	31,190
9	Lora	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	11.62%	2,919
10	Lower Tanawal	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	11.93%	1,849
11	Pasrur	Sialkot	Punjab	12.19%	33,485
12	Khanpur	Haripur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	12.46%	6,264
13	Sialkot	Sialkot	Punjab	12.56%	68,877
14	Gujar Khan	Rawalpindi	Punjab	12.71%	24,477
15	Havelian	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	12.86%	9,454
16	Jhelum	Jhelum	Punjab	12.92%	15,786
17	Daska	Sialkot	Punjab	13.02%	34,904
18	Sambrial	Sialkot	Punjab	13.14%	16,294
19	Haripur	Haripur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	13.45%	30,525
20	Choa Saidan Shah	Chakwal	Punjab	13.70%	5,504
21	Kharian	Gujrat	Punjab	13.77%	41,003
22	Chitral	Lower Chitral	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	13.79%	7,271
23	Zafarwal	Narowal	Punjab	13.85%	19,582
24	Kallar Kahar	Chakwal	Punjab	13.87%	6,389
25	Jand	Attock	Punjab	13.92%	10,947



25 Tehsils / 591 Tehsils

with the least proportion of OOSC in Pakistan have between 7-14 percent of 5-16 years old not in school

These tehsils are limited to 11 districts from 4 divisions, 2 from Punjab and KP respectively (Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Malakand, and Hazara)

6 tehsils have the number of overall OOSC

>30,000



The top 25 tehsils do not have any tehsils from Sindh or Balochistan

TEHSIL RANKINGS

Least performing tehsils in Pakistan (highest proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in country (out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
591	Kot Mandai	Sibi	Balochistan	91.62%	3,336
590	Toi Khulla	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	90.85%	29,721
589	Sanni	Kachhi	Balochistan	89.17%	69,500
588	Battaira	Kolai Palas Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	88.48%	53,261
587	Gichk	Panjgur	Balochistan	88.31%	6,794
586	Talao	Duki	Balochistan	87.99%	5,628
585	Kharo Chan	Sujawal	Sindh	87.86%	3,518
584	Kandia	Upper Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	87.83%	47,115
583	Keti Bunder	Thatta	Sindh	87.59%	17,658
582	Chattar	Nasirabad	Balochistan	87.56%	9,119
581	Dobandi	Killa Abdullah	Balochistan	87.51%	22,126
580	De-Excluded Area	Rajanpur	Punjab	86.87%	12,417
579	Baba Kot	Nasirabad	Balochistan	84.93%	18,062
578	Ghorabari	Thatta	Sindh	84.15%	56,738
577	Landhi	Nasirabad	Balochistan	84.07%	2,608
576	Saroon	Khuzdar	Balochistan	83.51%	11,130
575	Gharyum	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	83.28%	5,589
574	Bankand Ranolia	Lower Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	83.05%	57,876
573	Loti	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	83.04%	6,651
572	Dasht-e-Goran	Surab	Balochistan	82.90%	8,830
571	Shah Bunder	Sujawal	Sindh	82.42%	44,566
570	Kahan	Kohlu	Balochistan	82.14%	34,230
569	Jati	Sujawal	Sindh	81.72%	59,527
568	Aranji	Khuzdar	Balochistan	81.66%	14,362
567	Dassu	Upper Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	81.43%	39,593

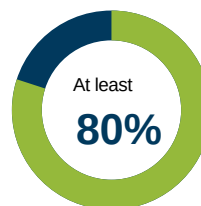


16 out of 25 tehsils have OOSC

>10,000



Tehsils from all provinces are part of the the least performing tehsils, with Punjab limited to only 1 tehsil



of children in the least performing tehsils are out of school

The least performing 25 tehsils are spread across 18 districts and 11 divisions of the country



OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN: NEVER BEEN TO SCHOOL AND DROPPED OUT



OOSC consists of children that have attended school in the past but dropped out and those that have never attended or enrolled in school



79% OOSC
have never been to school



21% OOSC
have dropped out



DROPOUT RATE

17 tehsils (out of 591 tehsils) have dropout rates higher than 60%

Sohawa Tehsil (Jhelum, Punjab) has the highest proportion of children, 71%, dropping out of school

Dropout rates are higher in tehsils with a low proportion of out of school children (ranked high), while the highest rates of children never enrolled are found in regions with a high proportion of out of school children (ranked low)



NEVER ENROLLED

95 tehsils (out of 591 tehsils) have never enrolled rates higher than 95%

Kashatoo Tehsil (Zhub, Balochistan) and Kharo Chan Taluka (Sujawal, Sindh) have more than 99% children who have never been to school



DELAYED ENROLMENT

Delayed enrolments contribute to a significant proportion of out of school children in early years. 51% of the children in Pakistan who have never been enrolled, lie within the 5-9 years age bracket

Among the 20 million never enrolled 5-16 year olds in Pakistan



52% of the never enrolled boys are within 5-9 year age bracket



50% of the never enrolled girls are within 5-9 year age bracket

GENDER DISPARITY

Best performing tehsils in Pakistan (lowest proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in country (out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG
1	Kotli Sattian	Rawalpindi	Punjab	8.21%	1,224
2	Kahuta	Rawalpindi	Punjab	8.61%	2,540
3	Murree	Rawalpindi	Punjab	9.64%	3,178
4	Pasrur	Sialkot	Punjab	10.56%	13,992
5	Kallar Syedan	Rawalpindi	Punjab	10.59%	3,152
6	Dina	Jhelum	Punjab	10.61%	3,267
7	Sialkot	Sialkot	Punjab	11.25%	29,759
8	Daska	Sialkot	Punjab	11.38%	14,804
9	Sambrial	Sialkot	Punjab	11.51%	6,955
10	Kharian	Gujrat	Punjab	11.65%	17,461
11	Sohawa	Jhelum	Punjab	11.79%	3,090
12	Lora	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	11.87%	1,509
13	Mastuj	Upper Chitral	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	12.02%	2,591
14	Jhelum	Jhelum	Punjab	12.43%	7,334
15	Abbottabad	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	12.61%	16,846
16	Zafarwal	Narowal	Punjab	12.71%	8,821
17	Gujrat	Gujrat	Punjab	12.73%	28,200
18	Narowal	Narowal	Punjab	12.93%	12,014
19	Sarai Alamgir	Gujrat	Punjab	13.28%	4,906
20	Havelian	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	13.69%	5,004
21	Gujar Khan	Rawalpindi	Punjab	13.94%	13,583
22	Shakargarh	Narowal	Punjab	14.20%	14,751
23	Khanpur	Haripur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	14.57%	3,548
24	Islamabad	Islamabad	Islamabad Capital Territory	14.81%	41,275
25	Lower Tanawal	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	14.84%	1,157



3 tehsils have an overall out of school girls number

>20,000



5 tehsils (out of 591 tehsils) have an overall out of school boys number

>100,000

All 5 of these tehsils are in Punjab

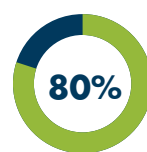
Least performing tehsils in Pakistan (highest proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in country (out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG
591	Talao	Duki	Balochistan	98.49%	3,186
590	Kot Mandai	Sibi	Balochistan	95.68%	1,461
589	Kandia	Upper Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	94.25%	22,302
588	Sanni	Kachhi	Balochistan	94.14%	31,069
587	Toi Khulla	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	93.99%	14,490
586	Chattar	Nasirabad	Balochistan	93.99%	4,846
585	Kharo Chan	Sujawal	Sindh	93.91%	1,650
584	Dobandi	Killa Abdullah	Balochistan	93.57%	11,073
583	Ambar Utman Khel	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	93.23%	14,122
582	Shinki	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	93.15%	9,405
581	Gharyum	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	92.51%	3,150
580	Ghulam Khan	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	92.05%	4,884
579	Badini	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	91.77%	3,068
578	Battaira	Kolai Palas Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	91.67%	26,195
577	Keti Bunder	Thatta	Sindh	90.84%	8,978
576	Dasht-e-Goran	Surab	Balochistan	90.70%	4,165
575	Bankand Ranolia	Lower Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	90.43%	30,281
574	Saroon	Khuzdar	Balochistan	90.22%	5,081
573	De-Excluded Area	Rajanpur	Punjab	90.15%	5,830
572	Loiband	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	89.78%	4,699
571	Razmak	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	89.72%	7,217
570	Shah Bunder	Sujawal	Sindh	89.51%	22,322
569	Baba Kot	Nasirabad	Balochistan	89.41%	8,543
568	Dossali	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	89.16%	8,315
567	Aranji	Khuzdar	Balochistan	89.02%	6,338



5 tehsils in the least performing tehsils have out of school girls

>20,000



16 Tehsils / 591 Tehsils

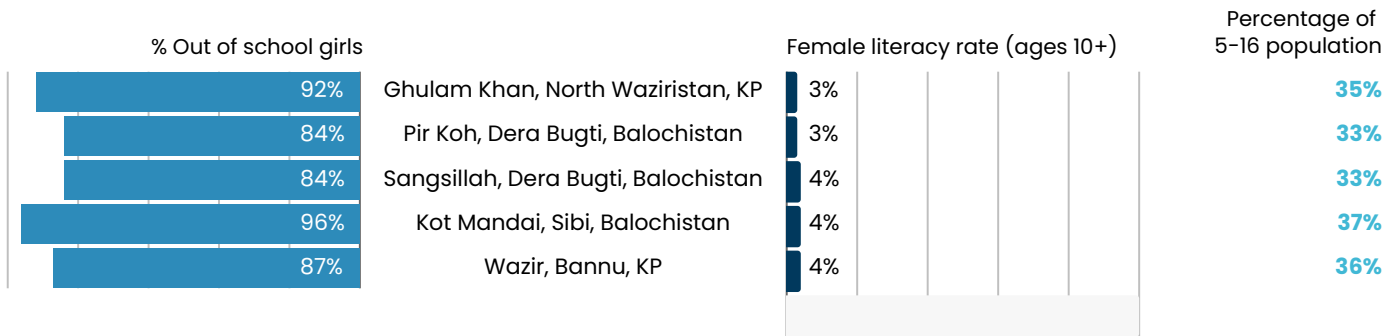
have more than 80% boys in the 5-16 age cohort who are out of school

The least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school girls) indicate the need for urgent gender response to challenges of access for girls in all provinces

FEMALE LITERACY AND THE PREVALENCE OF OUT OF SCHOOL GIRLS

While intuitive, the data confirms the assumption that tehsils with lower female literacy rates tend to have a higher proportion of out of school girls and vice versa. This correlation indicates that when women in a community are not literate, it becomes more likely that the next generation of girls will also remain out of school, perpetuating the vicious cycle of educational deprivation

Tehsils with female literacy less than 10%



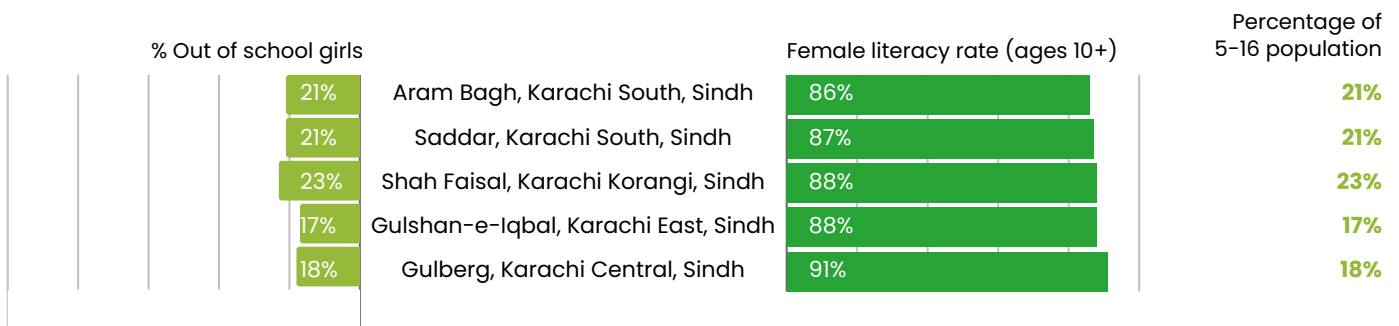
Only **14%** of girls are enrolled in these tehsils with less than 10 percent female literacy



There are 39 tehsils with a female literacy rate below **10%** in Pakistan

The low literacy rate seems to correlate with a high population as the 5-16 population in these tehsils range from 33% to 37%

Tehsils with female literacy above 75%



82% of girls are enrolled in these tehsils



There are 37 tehsils with female literacy above **75%** (only the top 5 have been shown). Balochistan and KP do not have a single tehsil in this list

The high literacy rates appear to correlate with a low population, as the 5-16 population in these tehsils range from 22% to 27%

URBAN-RURAL DISPARITY

The highest disparity in literacy rates is between urban males and rural females



with urban male literacy peaking at **95%** Kotli Sattian Tehsil (Rawalpindi)



while the lowest rural female literacy rate is a mere **3%** in Ghulam Khan Tehsil (North Waziristan District)



The 23 out of 26 tehsils that have **>80% OOSC** are exclusively rural tehsils



In Pakistan, the literacy rate stands at **61%**, with female literacy at **53%**



Rural tehsils have a literacy rate of 52%, with female literacy of 42%

Urban tehsils have a literacy rate of 74%, with female literacy at 70%

PROVINCIAL CAPITALS

The 4 provincial capitals are home to 48 tehsils with 3.3 million children within 5 to 16 years of age, 30% of whom are not enrolled in school. All four provincial capitals have distinct variations as seen below:

Peshawar

has the highest proportion of out of school girls among the provincial capitals

62%

Quetta

has the highest proportion of out of school children among the provincial capitals

37%



Lahore

has the highest proportion of out of school boys among the provincial capitals

54%

Karachi

has the highest quantum (number) of out of school children in provincial capitals

1.7M

Provincial capital	Number of tehsils	Number of OOSC	Percentage of OOSC	Percentage of OOSG	Percentage of OOSB	Percentage of female literacy
Quetta	5	276,511	37%	55%	45%	46.96
Peshawar	7	519,928	35%	62%	38%	41.09
Lahore	5	718,199	21%	46%	54%	77.59
Karachi (all)	31	1,797,449	32%	47%	53%	70.77
Islamabad	1	89,127	15%	46%	54%	79.13

BALUCHISTAN

بلوچستان

2,941,690 of them are out of school
(58% of all children)



The total number of
5-16 years olds in
Balochistan is

5,074,550



48%
1,415,261
boys

52%
1,526,248
girls



79% of OOSC live
in rural areas

2.3M



21% of OOSC live
in urban areas

0.6M



80% of children
are out of school in 15
tehsils (out of 158) in
Balochistan



92% of children
in Tehsil Kot Mandai (Sibi)
are out of school, the highest
proportion in Balochistan

TEHSIL RANKINGS

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 158)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
1	Pasni	Gwadar	23.19%	5,431	106
2	Ormara	Gwadar	29.60%	2,067	168
3	Drug	Musakhel	30.47%	2,062	179
4	Gaddani	Lasbela	30.75%	2,405	182
5	Turbat	Kech	30.78%	43,143	183
6	Quetta City	Quetta	32.16%	114,129	194
7	Gwadar	Gwadar	34.38%	16,588	201
8	Quetta Saddar	Quetta	36.81%	35,627	218
9	Kingri	Musakhel	39.83%	4,402	239
10	Kuchlak	Quetta	41.40%	38,492	252
11	Nana Sahib	Pishin	41.94%	6,195	258
12	Gishkore	Awaran	42.11%	4,755	260
13	Mand	Kech	42.32%	5,928	261
14	Jiwani	Gwadar	42.36%	5,355	262
15	Kohlu	Kohlu	42.57%	7,195	264
16	Karezat	Pishin	43.75%	9,111	272



16 Tehsils / 158 Tehsils

with the least proportion of OOSC in Balochistan still have between 23-44 percent of 5-16 years old not in school

The top 16 tehsils are restricted to 8 districts of the province. Gwadar has 4 (out of 5) and Quetta has 3 (out of 5) of their tehsils represented in the top performing tehsils in Balochistan

4 tehsils have the number of overall OOSC

>30,000



None of Balochistan's tehsils made it into the national-ranking's top performing tehsils with the least proportion of OOSC in Pakistan

Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 158)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
158	Kot Mandai	Sibi	91.62%	3,336	591
157	Sanni	Kachhi	89.17%	69,500	589
156	Gichk	Panjgur	88.31%	6,794	587
155	Talao	Duki	87.99%	5,628	586
154	Chattar	Nasirabad	87.56%	9,119	582
153	Dobandi	Killa Abdullah	87.51%	22,126	581
152	Baba Kot	Nasirabad	84.93%	18,062	579
151	Landhi	Nasirabad	84.07%	2,608	577
150	Sarooka	Khuzdar	83.51%	11,130	576
149	Loti	Dera Bugti	83.04%	6,651	573
148	Dasht-e-Goran	Surab	82.90%	8,830	572
147	Kahan	Kohlu	82.14%	34,230	570
146	Aranji	Khuzdar	81.66%	14,362	568
145	Kallag	Panjgur	80.68%	4,247	566
144	Malam	Dera Bugti	80.25%	11,033	565
143	Taftan	Chagai	77.97%	5,680	563



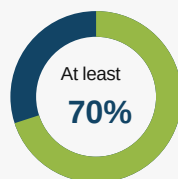
9 tehsils (out of these 16) have

<10,000

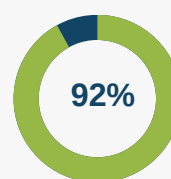
children not going to school

Sanni (Kachhi) has

69,500



of children in the least performing tehsils are out of school

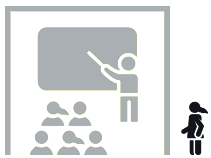


of children in Kot Mandai (Sibi) are out of school

The least performing 16 tehsils are spread across 11 districts of the province. All divisions except Quetta division have at least 1 tehsil in the bottom 16



OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN: NEVER BEEN TO SCHOOL AND DROPPED OUT



OOSC consists of both children who have attended school in the past but dropped out and those who have never attended or enrolled in school



91% OOSC
have never been to school



9% OOSC
have dropped out



DROPOUT RATE

Only 1 tehsil has a dropout rate higher than 25% with Pasni (Gwadar) at 28%



NEVER ENROLLED

12 tehsils have a rate of children who have never enrolled higher than 98% with Talao (Duki) and Kashatoo (Zhob) as high as 99%

Dropout rates are higher in tehsils with a low proportion of out of school children (ranked high), while the highest rates of children never enrolled are found in regions with a high proportion of out of school children (ranked low)



DELAYED ENROLMENT

Delayed enrolments contribute to a significant proportion of out of school children in early years. 45% of the children in Balochistan who have never been enrolled lie within the 5-9 years age bracket

Among the 2.6 million 5-16 year olds who have ever been to school in Balochistan



44% of the never enrolled boys are within 5-9 year age bracket



46% of the never enrolled girls are within 5-9 year age bracket

GENDER DISPARITY

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in province (out of 158)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
1	Pasni	Gwadar	28.11%	3,074	124
2	Turbat	Kech	34.09%	23,433	167
3	Ormara	Gwadar	34.34%	1,163	170
4	Quetta City	Quetta	35.64%	62,586	178
5	Drug	Musakhel	37.01%	1,247	186
6	Gwadar	Gwadar	38.08%	8,394	189
7	Gaddani	Lasbela	38.95%	1,580	199
8	Quetta Saddar	Quetta	42.10%	19,858	219
9	Gishkore	Awaran	44.37%	2,415	230
10	Mand	Kech	44.38%	3,055	231
11	Awaran	Awaran	44.91%	3,811	233
12	Nana Sahib	Pishin	45.21%	3,229	238
13	Kohlu	Kohlu	46.08%	4,209	242
14	Kingri	Musakhel	46.62%	2,442	250
15	Kuchlak	Quetta	48.78%	21,838	257
16	Karezat	Pishin	48.85%	4,838	260



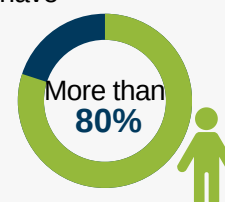
3 tehsils in the ranking above have an overall out of school girls number

>20,000



of girls in the top 16 tehsils in Balochistan are out of school

9 tehsils (out of 158 in Balochistan) have



boys who are out of school

Only one of Balochistan's tehsil made it into the top 25% in the country based on the ranking of out of school girls by proportion

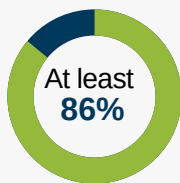
Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in province (out of 158)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
158	Talao	Duki	98.49%	3,186	591
157	Kot Mand	Sibi	95.68%	1461	590
156	Sanni	Kachhi	94.14%	31,069	588
155	Chattar	Nasirabad	93.99%	4,846	586
154	Dobandi	Killa Abdullah	93.57%	11,073	584
153	Shinki	Killa Saifullah	93.15%	9,405	582
152	Badini	Killa Saifullah	91.77%	3,068	579
151	Dasht-e-Goran	Surab	90.70%	4165	576
150	Saroon	Khuzdar	90.22%	5,081	574
149	Loiband	Killa Saifullah	89.78%	4,699	572
148	Baba Kot	Nasirabad	89.41%	8,543	569
147	Aranji	Khuzdar	89.02%	6,338	567
146	Landhi	Nasirabad	88.61%	1,354	564
145	Malam	Dera Bugti	88.52%	4,657	563
144	Loti	Dera Bugti	87.60%	2296	560
143	Gichk	Panjgur	87.20%	2,460	557



Only 1 tehsil in the ranking above has an overall out of school girls number

>20,000



of girls in the least performing tehsils are out of school



7 tehsil in Balochistan have an overall out of school **boys** number

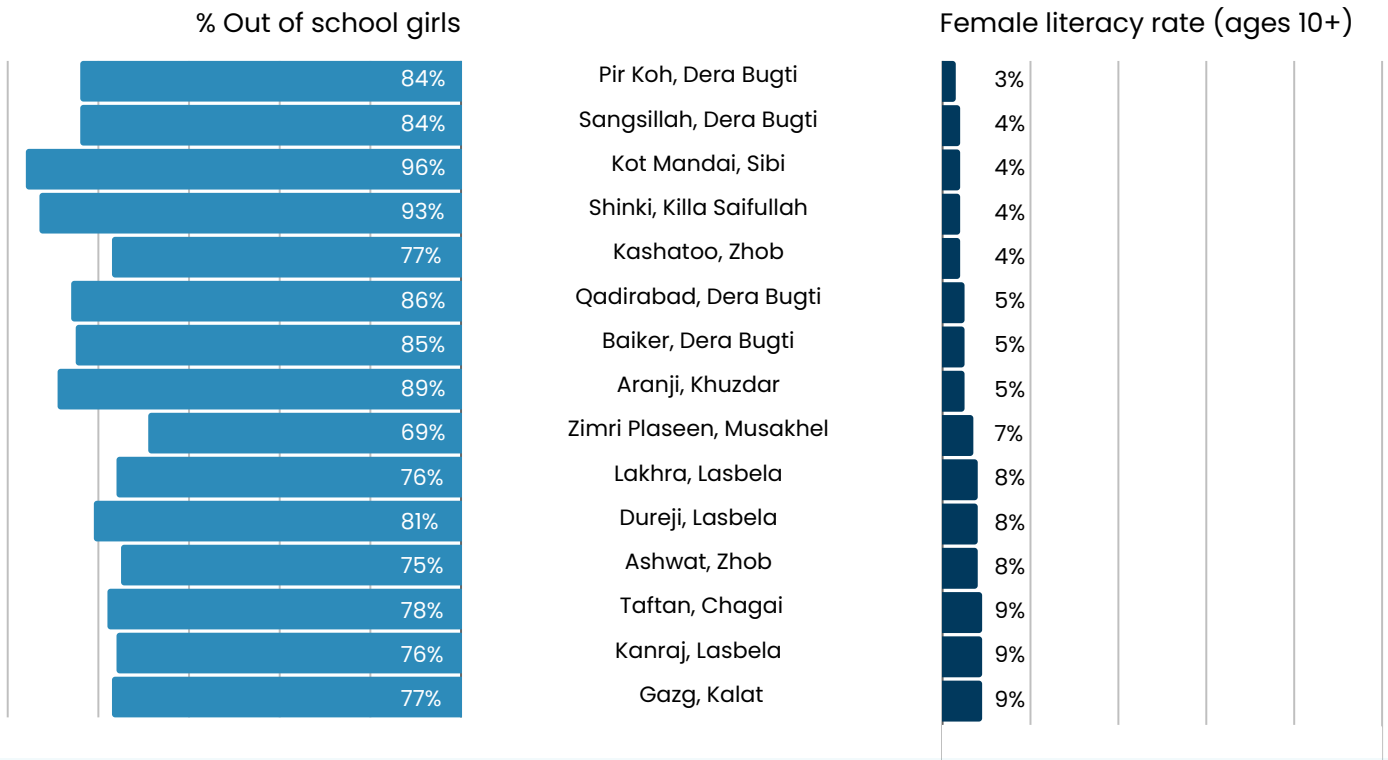
>30,000

The lowest 16 tehsils in Balochistan rank within the bottom 10% of the national level out of school girls ranking

FEMALE LITERACY AND THE PREVALENCE OF OUT OF SCHOOL GIRLS

While intuitive, the data confirms the assumption that tehsils with lower female literacy rates tend to have a higher proportion of out of school girls and vice versa. This correlation indicates that when women in a community are not literate, it becomes more likely that the next generation of girls will also remain out of school, perpetuating the vicious cycle of educational deprivation.

Tehsils with female literacy less than 10%



Only **16%** of girls are in school in tehsils with less than 10 percent female literacy



There are 18 tehsils with a female literacy rate below **10%** in Balochistan

Tehsils with female literacy above 50%



64% of girls are in school in tehsils with female literacy more than 50 percent



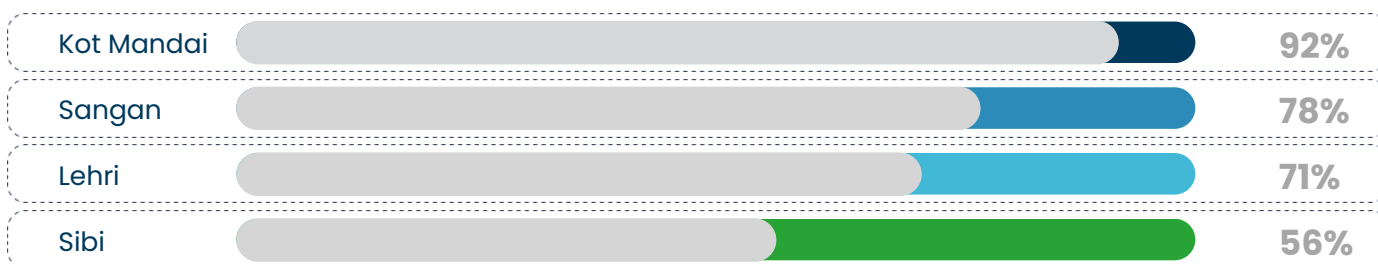
Not a single tehsil has a female literacy rate above **70%**, only 1 tehsil has above **60%** and 5 tehsils above **50%**

INTRA-DISTRICT DISPARITY

By examining data at the tehsil level, significant disparities within the district become evident, enabling policymakers to make more localised decisions. Below are two such striking examples of these disparities

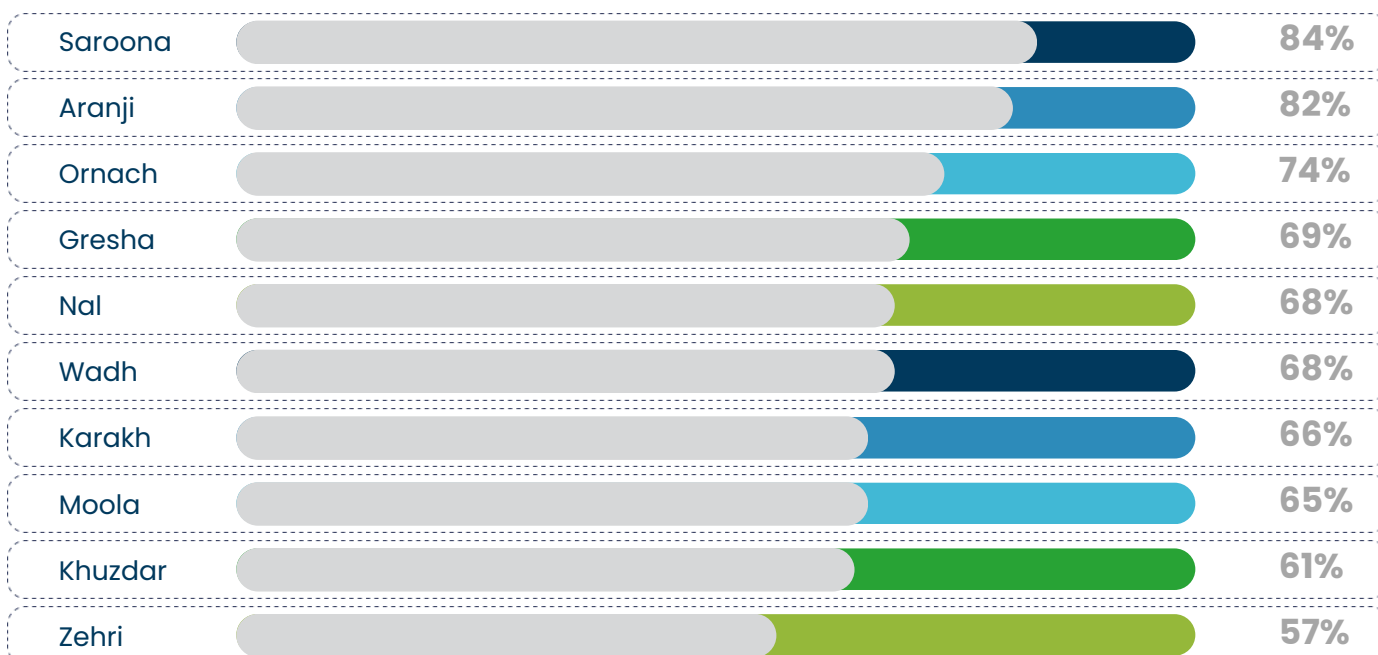
Sibi

- Sibi represents only 1% of the 5-16 population of Balochistan but has 2% of the province's OOSC
- The 4 tehsils of Sibi have a large range of proportion of OOSC. Almost 4 out of 10 children in Sibi Tehsil are in school as compared to only 1 out of 10 in Kot Mandai
- Sibi as a district ranks 17 (out of 34) in the province but the tehsils rank range from 45 to 158 (out of 158 tehsils)



Khuzdar

- Khuzdar represents 7% of the 5-16 population of Balochistan but has 8% of the province's OOSC
- The 10 tehsils of Khuzdar have a large range of proportion of OOSC ranging from 57% (Zehri) to 84% (Saroona)
- Khuzdar as a district ranks in the bottom half of the districts at 21 (out of 34) in the province but the tehsils range from ranking as high as 49 (in the top first half) to as low as 150 (out of 158 tehsils)



URBAN-RURAL DISPARITY

The greatest disparity in literacy rates is between urban males and rural females



with urban male literacy peaking at **81% in Karezat** (Pishin)



while the lowest female literacy rate is a mere **3% in Pir Koh** (Dera Bugti)



The 15 tehsils that have more than **80% OOSC** are exclusively rural tehsils



Karezat in Pishin has the highest rural female literacy rate at 61%



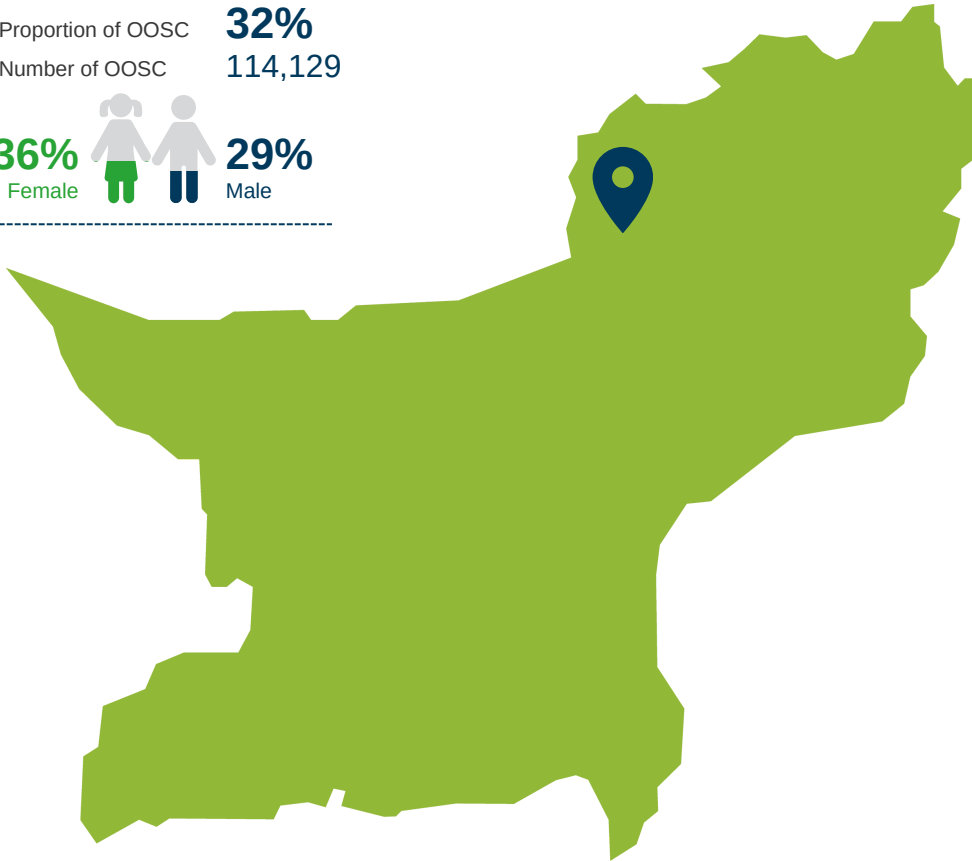
In Balochistan, the literacy rate stands at 42%, with female literacy at 33%. However, in rural tehsils, the overall literacy rate drops to 38%, with female literacy at 27.5%

PROVINCIAL CAPITAL: QUETTA

Quetta is home to 5 tehsils with more than 700,000 children within 5 to 16 years of age, 37% of whom are not enrolled in school

Quetta City

Proportion of OOSC **32%**
Number of OOSC **114,129**



Sariab

44% Proportion of OOSC
84,600 Number of OOSC



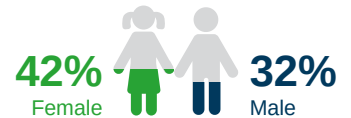
Panjpai

48% Proportion of OOSC
3,663 Number of OOSC



Quetta Saddar

37% Proportion of OOSC
35,627 Number of OOSC



Kuchlak

41% Proportion of OOSC
38,492 Number of OOSC



Quetta has the highest proportion of out of school children among all the provincial capitals. Panjpai has the highest proportion of out of school children, reaching 48% among the out of school children in all tehsils of Quetta

KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA خیبر پختونخوا

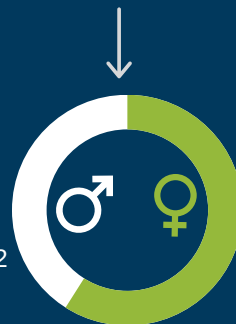
4,924,121 of them are out of school
(37% of all children)



The total number of 5-16
years olds in Khyber
Pakhtunkhwa is

13,133,856

41%
1,999,712
boys



59%
2,924,279
girls



91 % of OOSC live
in rural areas

4.4M



9 % of OOSC live in
urban areas

0.4M



80% of children
are out of school in 6 tehsils
(out of 148) in Khyber
Pakhtunkhwa (KP)



91% of children
in Tehsil Toi Khulla (South
Waziristan) are out of school, the
highest proportion in KP

TEHSIL RANKINGS

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 148)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
1	Mastuj	Upper Chitral	10.46%	4,613	5
2	Abbottabad	Abbottabad	11.55%	31,190	8
3	Lora	Abbottabad	11.62%	2,919	9
4	Lower Tanawal	Abbottabad	11.93%	1,849	10
5	Khanpur	Haripur	12.46%	6,264	12
6	Havelian	Abbottabad	12.86%	9,454	15
7	Haripur	Haripur	13.45%	30,525	19
8	Chitral	Lower Chitral	13.79%	7,271	22
9	Ghazi	Haripur	16.98%	7,049	39
10	Mansehra	Mansehra	17.73%	38,069	45
11	Balakot	Mansehra	17.83%	16,986	46
12	Timergara	Lower Dir	20.85%	41,044	73
13	Swat Rani Zai	Malakand	21.13%	31,264	76
14	Sam Rani Zai	Malakand	21.57%	23,719	81
15	Katlang	Mardan	21.67%	25,558	82



15 Tehsils /148 Tehsils

with the least proportion of OOSC in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) have between 10-22 percent of 5-16 years old not in school

None of the tehsils with the least proportion of OOSC are from districts amongst the merged districts or South KP, with the top 10 tehsils restricted to 3 divisions (Malakand, Hazara, and Mardan)

5 tehsils have the number of overall OOSC

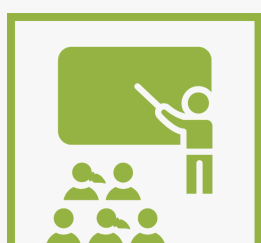
>30,000



4 tehsils of KP made it into the national-ranking's top performing tehsils with the least proportion of OOSC in Pakistan

Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 148)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
148	Toi Khulla	South Waziristan	90.85%	29,721	590
147	Battaira	Kolai Palas Kohistan	88.48%	53,261	588
146	Kandia	Upper Kohistan	87.83%	47,115	584
145	Gharyum	North Waziristan	83.28%	5,589	575
144	Bankand Ranolia	Lower Kohistan	83.05%	57,876	574
143	Dassu	Upper Kohistan	81.43%	39,593	567
142	Ghulam Khan	North Waziristan	78.65%	8,527	564
141	Razmak	North Waziristan	77.51%	15,050	559
140	Ambar Utman Khel	Mohmand	77.37%	23,757	558
139	Wazir	Bannu	76.59%	10,237	553
138	Palas	Kolai Palas Kohistan	74.68%	27,072	545
137	Datta Khel	North Waziristan	73.82%	22,718	538
136	Dossali	North Waziristan	73.65%	13,922	537
135	Pattan	Lower Kohistan	73.59%	32,681	536
134	Shaktoi	South Waziristan	73.43%	11,429	534



2 tehsils (out of these 15) have

<10,000

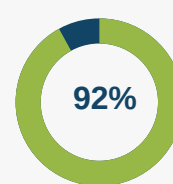
children not going to school

Bankand Ranolia (Lower Kohistan) has

57,876



At least **70%** of children in the least performing tehsils are out of school

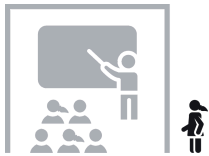


92% of children in Toi Khulla (South Waziristan) are out of school

The least performing 15 tehsils represent 7 districts of the province. Kolai Palas Kohistan and Lower Kohistan in Malakand Division have all their respective tehsils in the bottom 15



OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN: NEVER BEEN TO SCHOOL AND DROPPED OUT



OOSC consists of both children who have attended school in the past but dropped out and those who have never attended or enrolled in school.



86% OOSC
have never been
to school



14% OOSC
have dropped out



DROPOUT RATE

5 tehsils have dropout rates higher than 50% (in Abbottabad and Haripur districts), with Havelian (in Abbottabad) as high as 63%



NEVER ENROLLED

29 tehsils have never enrolled rates higher than 95% with Ghulam Khan (North Waziristan) and Toi Khulla (South Waziristan) as high as 99%

Dropout rates are higher in tehsils with a low proportion of out of school children (ranked high), while the highest rates of children never enrolled are found in regions with a high proportion of out of school children (ranked low)



DELAYED ENROLMENT

Delayed enrolments contribute to a significant proportion of out of school children in early years. 52% of the children in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa who have never been enrolled lie within the 5-9 years age bracket

Among the 4.2 million never enrolled 5-16 year olds in KP:



58% of the never enrolled boys are within 5-9 year age bracket



48% of the never enrolled girls are within 5-9 year age bracket

GENDER DISPARITY

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in province (out of 148)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
1	Lora	Abbottabad	11.87%	1,509	12
2	Mastuj	Upper Chitral	12.02%	2,591	13
3	Abbottabad	Abbottabad	12.61%	16,846	15
4	Havelian	Abbottabad	13.69%	5,004	20
5	Khanpur	Haripur	14.57%	3,548	23
6	LowerTanawal	Abbottabad	14.84%	1,157	25
7	Haripur	Haripur	14.87%	16,302	26
8	Chitral	Lower Chitral	15.58%	4,103	32
9	Ghazi	Haripur	21.50%	4,298	79
10	Mansehra	Mansehra	22.24%	22,991	89
11	Balakot	Mansehra	23.85%	11,134	98
12	Swat Rani Zai	Malakand	23.99%	16,914	99
13	Sam Rani Zai	Malakand	24.76%	12,896	106
14	Timergara	Lower Dir	25.36%	24,113	110
15	Swabi	Swabi	26.87%	18,498	118



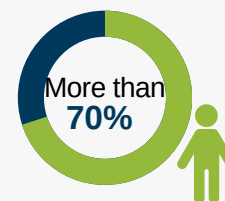
2 tehsils from the top 15 tehsils have an overall out of school girls number

>20,000



of girls in the top 15 tehsils in KP are out of school

6 tehsils (out of 148 in KP) have



boys who are out of school

None of the KP tehsils made it to the 10 best performing tehsils in the country based on the ranking of out of school girls by proportion

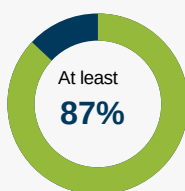
Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in province (out of 148)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
148	Kandia	Upper Kohistan	94.25%	22,302	589
147	Toi Khulla	South Waziristan	93.99%	14,490	587
146	Ambar Utman Khel	Mohmand	93.23%	14,122	583
145	Gharyum	North Waziristan	92.51%	3,150	581
144	Ghulam Khan	North Waziristan	92.05%	4,884	580
143	Battaira	Kolai Palas Kohistan	91.67%	26,195	578
142	Bankand Ranolia	Lower Kohistan	90.43%	30,281	575
141	Razmak	North Waziristan	89.72%	7,217	571
140	Dossali	North Waziristan	89.16%	8,315	568
139	Datta Khel	North Waziristan	88.68%	13,430	565
138	Bar Chamer Kand	Bajaur	87.78%	553	562
137	Safi	Mohmand	87.71%	17,243	561
136	Dassu	Upper Kohistan	87.52%	20,366	559
135	Wazir	Bannu	87.35%	5,186	558
134	Spinwam	North Waziristan	87.00%	8,044	555



4 tehsils in the bottom 15-tehsils have an overall out of school girls number above

>20,000



of girls in the least performing tehsils are out of school



9 tehsil (from 148 in KP) have an overall out of school boys number

>30,000

The lowest 15 tehsils in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa rank within the bottom 10% of the national level out of school girls ranking

FEMALE LITERACY AND THE PREVALENCE OF OUT OF SCHOOL GIRLS

While intuitive, the data confirms the assumption that tehsils with lower female literacy rates tend to have a higher proportion of out of school girls and vice versa. This correlation indicates that when women in a community are not literate, it becomes more likely that the next generation of girls will also remain out of school, perpetuating the vicious cycle of educational deprivation

Tehsils with female literacy less than 10%

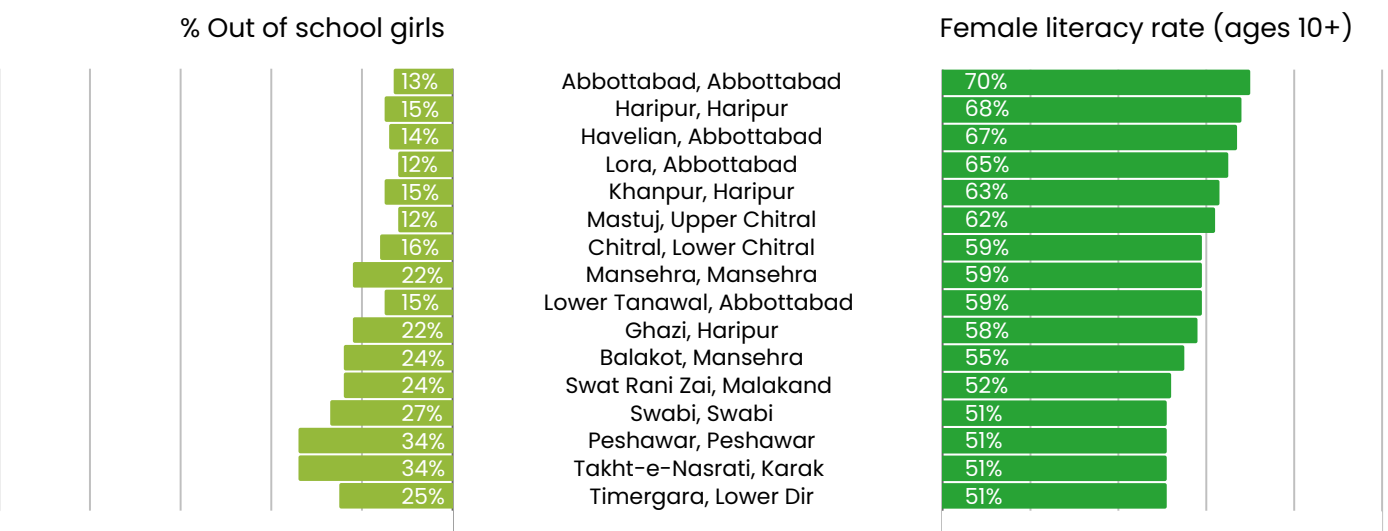


Only **14%** of girls are in school in tehsils with female literacy below 10 percent



There are 18 tehsils with a female literacy rate below **10%** in KP

Tehsils with female literacy above 50%



76% of girls in these tehsils are in school



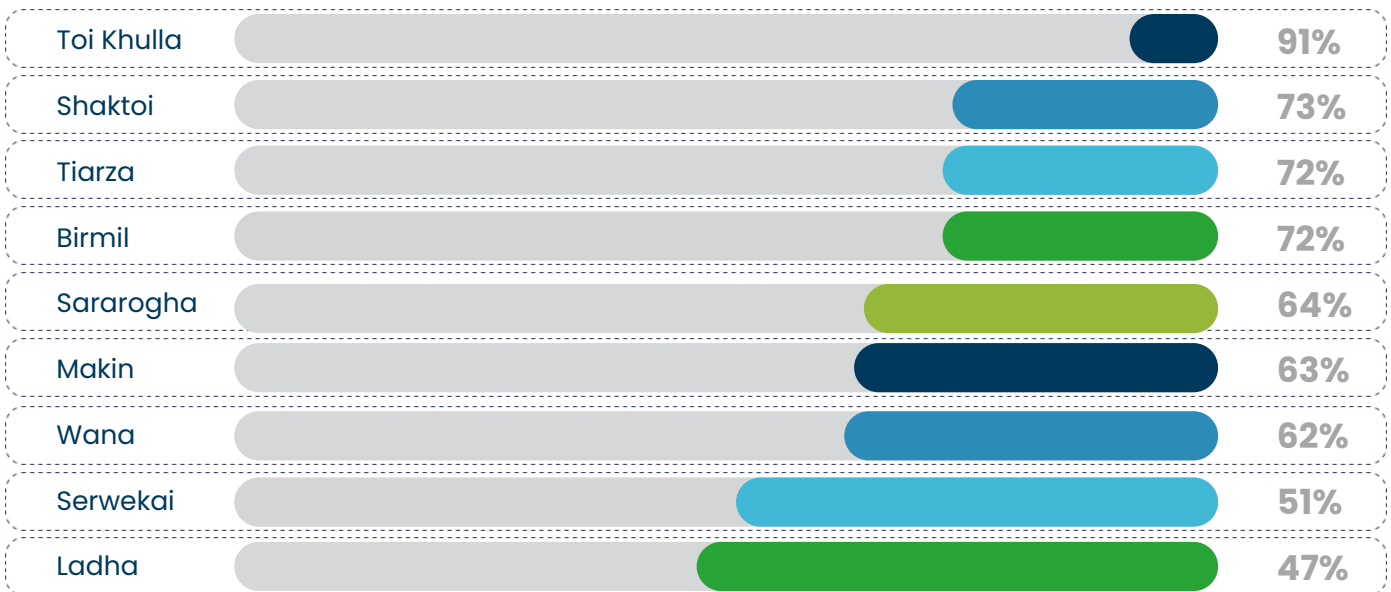
Not a single tehsil has a female literacy rate above **70%**, only 6 tehsils have above **60%** and 16 tehsils above **50%**

INTRA-DISTRICT DISPARITY

By examining data at the tehsil level, significant disparities within the district become evident, enabling policymakers to make more localised decisions. Below are two such striking examples of these disparities

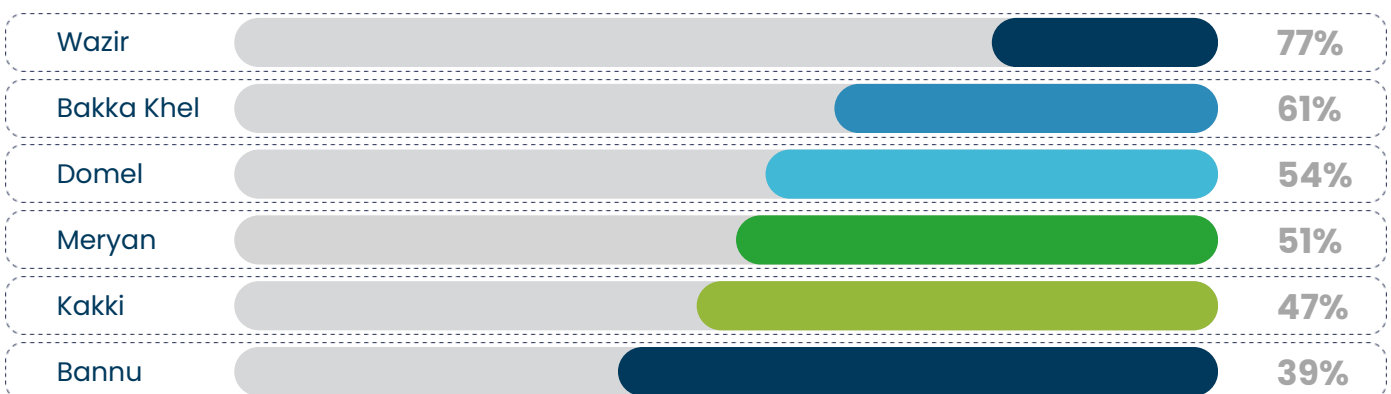
South Waziristan

- South Waziristan represents 2% of the 5-16 population of KP but has 4% of the province's OOSC
- The 9 tehsils of South Waziristan have a large range of proportion of OOSC. More than 5 out 10 children in Ladha are in school, as compared to 1 out of 10 in Toi Khulla
- South Waziristan as a district ranks 31 (out of 35) in the province but the tehsils rank range from 81 to 148 (out of 148 tehsils)



Bannu

- Bannu represents 3% of the 5-16 population of KP but has 4% of the province's OOSC
- The 6 tehsils of Bannu have a large range of proportion of OOSC ranging from 39% (Bannu Tehsil) to 77% (Wazir)
- Bannu as a district ranks in the bottom half of the districts at 22 (out of 35) in the province but the tehsils range from ranking as high as 66 (in the top first half) to as low as 139 (out of 148 tehsils)



URBAN-RURAL DISPARITY

The greatest disparity in literacy rates is between urban males and rural females



with urban male literacy peaking at **91% in Haripur Tehsil** (in Haripur District)



while the lowest rural female literacy rate is a mere **3% in Ghulam Khan** (in North Waziristan)



The 6 tehsils that have more than **80% OOSC** are exclusively rural tehsils



The highest rural female literacy rate is only 12% higher than the lowest literacy rate among urban males

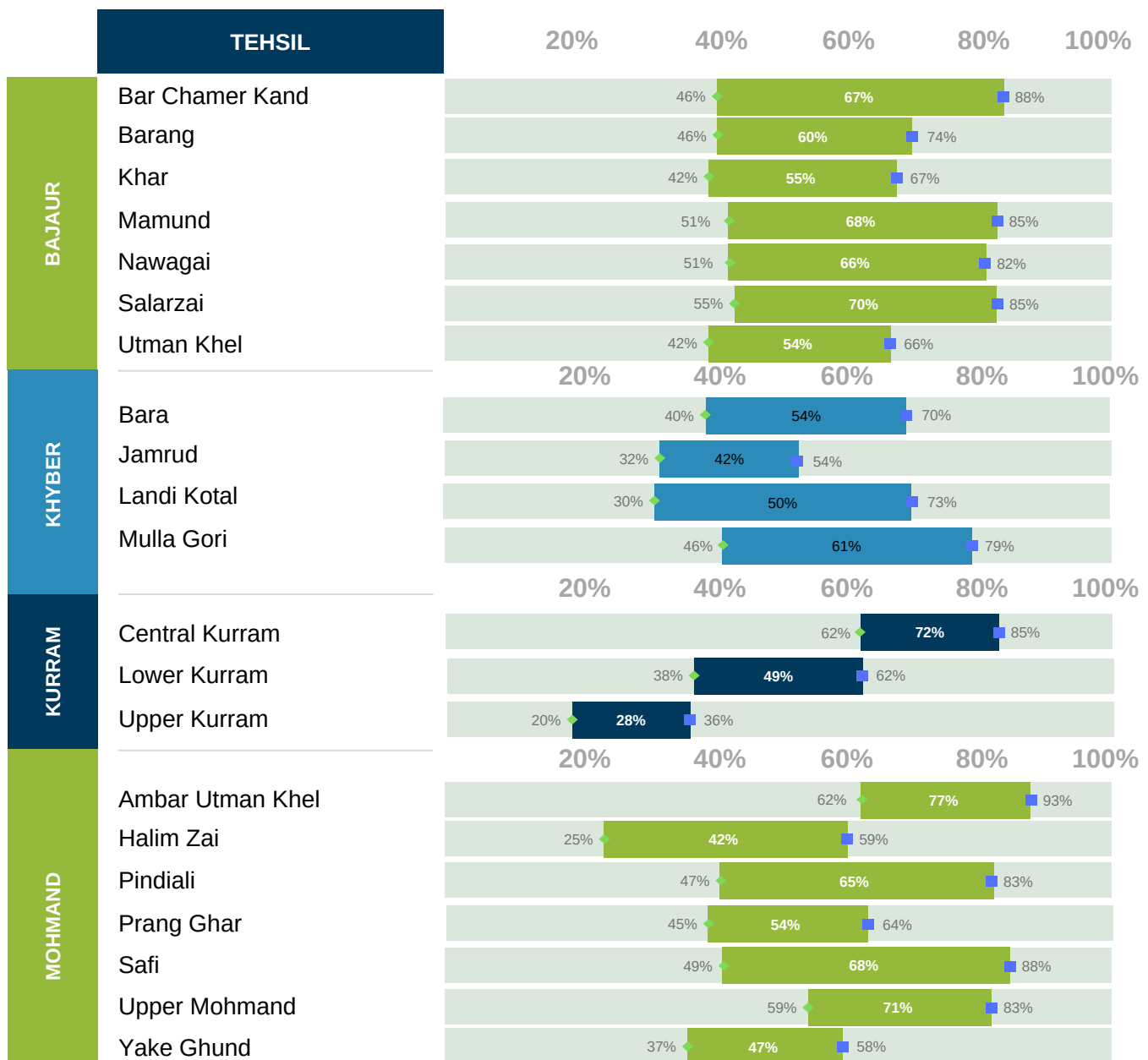


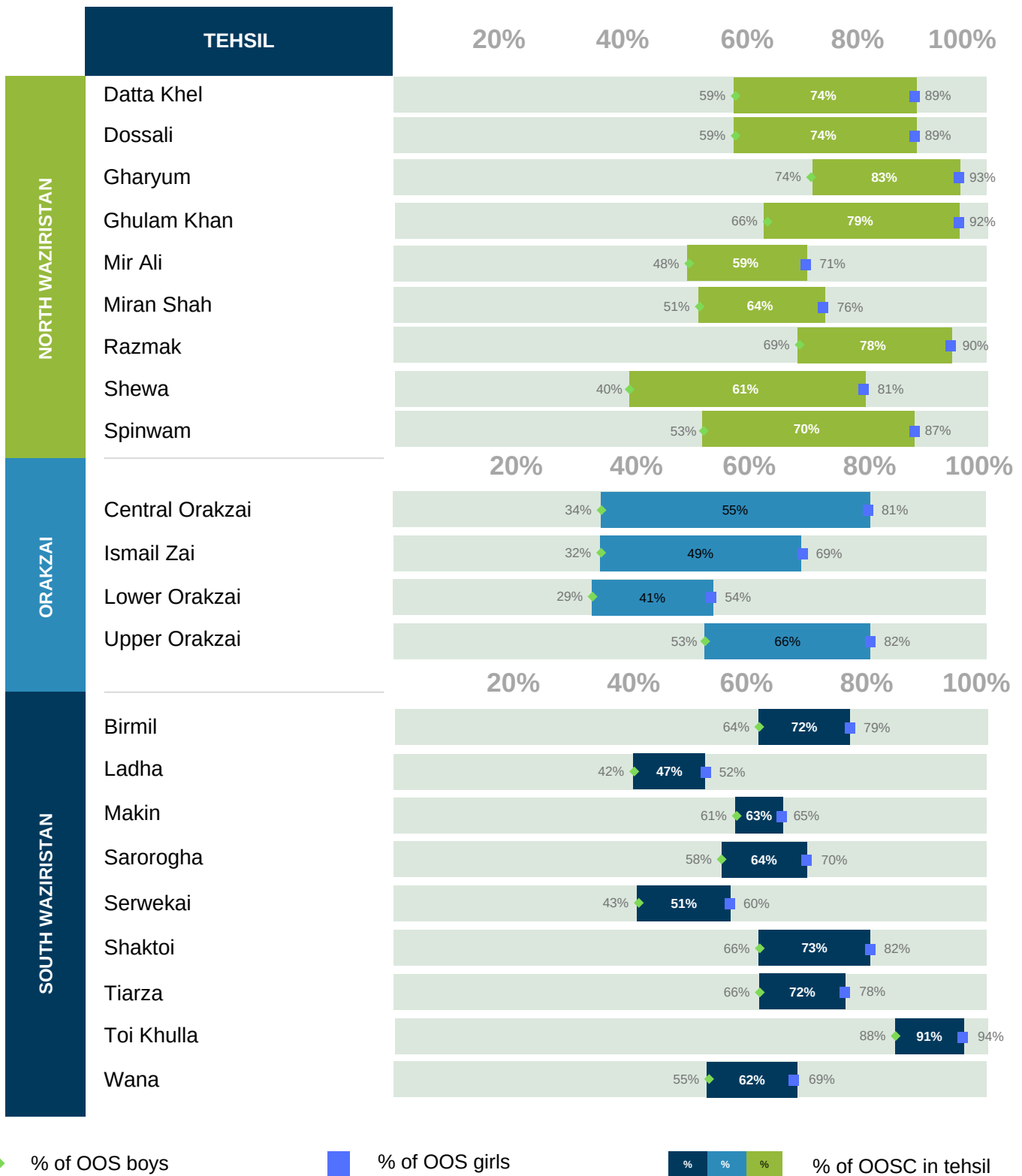
In KP, the literacy rate stands at 51%, with female literacy at 37%. However, in rural tehsils, the overall literacy rate drops to 48%, with female literacy at 34%

MERGED DISTRICTS

7 merged districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa comprise of 43 tehsils (among 148 total tehsils of the province). These merged districts constitute of 25% of the total out of school children in KP, with 1.2 million out of school boys and 0.7 million out of school girls

◆ % of OOS boys ■ % of OOS girls % of OOSC in tehsil





The graph above illustrates the proportion of out of school children in each tehsil and the difference between the proportion of girls and boys out of school. Toi Khulla (South Waziristan) is the worst performing tehsil of the merged districts followed by Ghulam Khan (North Waziristan) 79% out of school children (66% OOSG and 92% OOSB)

PROVINCIAL CAPITAL: PESHAWAR

Peshawar is home to 7 tehsils with 1.5 million children within 5 to 16 years of age, 35% of whom are not enrolled in school

Badhber

Proportion of OOSC **45%**
Number of OOSC 66,941



Chamkani

Proportion of OOSC **35%**
Number of OOSC 70,542



Hassan Khel

Proportion of OOSC **30%**
Number of OOSC 6,585



Mathra

Proportion of OOSC **37%**
Number of OOSC 61,698



Peshawar

Proportion of OOSC **29%**
Number of OOSC 183,026



Pishta Khara

Proportion of OOSC **39%**
Number of OOSC 63,285



Shah Alam

Proportion of OOSC **38%**
Number of OOSC 67,851



Peshawar has the highest proportion of out of school girls among all provincial capitals (62%). Hassan Khel has the highest proportion of out of school girls, reaching 72% among the out of school girls in all tehsils of Peshawar

PUNJAB پنجاب

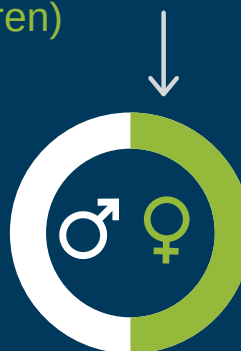
9,600,164 of them are out of school
(38 % of all children)



The total population of
5-16 years olds in
Punjab is

35,578,562

50%
4,772,207
boys



50%
4,826,873
girls



72% of OOSC live
in rural areas

6,866,051



28% of OOSC live
in urban areas

2,734,113



>50%

children are out of school in
7 tehsils. All of these are in
South Punjab



87%

OOSC are from de-
Excluded Area Rajanpur
(Rajanpur District), which is
the highest proportion

TEHSIL RANKINGS

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 146)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
1	Kahuta	Rawalpindi	7.66%	4,442	1
2	Kotli Sattian	Rawalpindi	8.52%	2,499	2
3	Murree	Rawalpindi	9.13%	5,927	3
4	Kallar Syedan	Rawalpindi	9.76%	5,763	4
5	Dina	Jhelum	10.85%	6,997	6
6	Sohawa	Jhelum	11.05%	6,014	7
7	Pasrur	Sialkot	12.19%	33,485	11
8	Sialkot	Sialkot	12.56%	68,877	13
9	Gujar Khan	Rawalpindi	12.71%	24,477	14
10	Jhelum	Jhelum	12.92%	15,786	16
11	Daska	Sialkot	13.02%	34,904	17
12	Sambrial	Sialkot	13.14%	16,294	18
13	Choa Saidan Shah	Chakwal	13.70%	5,504	20
14	Kharian	Gujrat	13.77%	41,003	21
15	Zafarwal	Narowal	13.85%	19,582	23



15 Tehsils / 146 Tehsils

with the least proportion of OOSC have between 8-14 percent of 5-16 years old not in school

4 tehsils have the number of overall OOSC

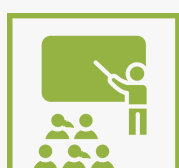
>30,000



6 tehsils of Punjab made it to the national-ranking's top performing tehsils with the least proportion of OOSC in Pakistan

Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 146)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
146	De-Excluded Area	Rajanpur	86.87%	12,417	580
145	Rojhan	Rajanpur	72.11%	107,164	525
144	Koh-e-Suleman	Dera Ghazi Khan	57.19%	47,135	388
143	Jampur	Rajanpur	54.52%	183,129	365
142	Kot Chhutta	Dera Ghazi Khan	53.32%	158,666	356
141	Liaquat Pur	Rahimyar Khan	52.38%	204,083	347
140	Alipur	Muzaffargarh	51.01%	122,050	339
139	Jatoi	Muzaffargarh	49.50%	141,197	322
138	Rajanpur	Rajanpur	48.75%	140,109	316
137	Ahmadpur East	Bahawalpur	48.71%	200,279	315
136	Sadiqabad	Rahimyar Khan	48.55%	208,827	312
135	Jalalpur Pirwala	Multan	47.95%	92,427	305
134	Dera Ghazi Khan	Dera Ghazi Khan	46.79%	216,301	295
133	Muzaffargarh	Muzaffargarh	45.25%	276,410	286
132	Khairpur Tamewali	Bahawalpur	42.80%	36,669	268

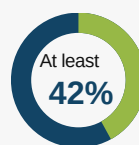


5 of these tehsils have out of school children

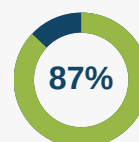


> 200,000

The least performing 15 tehsils spread across 6 districts from South Punjab

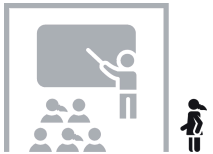


children are out of school children in the least performing tehsils



of children in De-Excluded Area (Rajanpur) are out of school

OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN: NEVER BEEN TO SCHOOL AND DROPPED OUT



OOSC consists of children who have attended school in the past but dropped out, and those who have never attended or enrolled in school



67% OOSC
have never been
to school



33% OOSC
have dropped out



DROPOUT RATE

15 tehsils have more than 60% children dropping out of school, with the Tehsil Sohawa (Jhelum) as high as 71%



NEVER ENROLLED

15 tehsils have more than 80% children among the out of school population who have never been to school, with the highest rate of never enrolled children in De-Excluded Area (Rajanpur) at 99%

Dropout rates are higher in tehsils with a low proportion of out of school children (ranked high), while the highest rates of children never enrolled are found in regions with a high proportion of out of school children (ranked low).



DELAYED ENROLMENTS

Delayed enrolments contribute to a significant proportion of out of school children in early years. 53% of the children in Punjab who have never been enrolled lie within the 5-9 years age bracket.

Among the 6.4 million never enrolled 5-16 year olds in Punjab



53% of the never enrolled boys are within 5-9 year age bracket



52% of the never enrolled girls are within 5-9 year age bracket

GENDER DISPARITY

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in province (out of 146)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
1	Kotli Sattian	Rawalpindi	8.21%	1,224	1
2	Kahuta	Rawalpindi	8.61%	2,540	2
3	Murree	Rawalpindi	9.64%	3,178	3
4	Pasrur	Sialkot	10.56%	13,992	4
5	Kallar Syedan	Rawalpindi	10.59%	3,152	5
6	Dina	Jhelum	10.61%	3,267	6
7	Sialkot	Sialkot	11.25%	29,759	7
8	Daska	Sialkot	11.38%	14,804	8
9	Sambrial	Sialkot	11.51%	6,955	9
10	Kharian	Gujrat	11.65%	17,461	10
11	Sohawa	Jhelum	11.79%	3,090	11
12	Jhelum	Jhelum	12.43%	7,334	14
13	Zafarwal	Narowal	12.71%	8,821	16
14	Gujrat	Gujrat	12.73%	28,200	17
15	Narowal	Narowal	12.93%	12,014	18

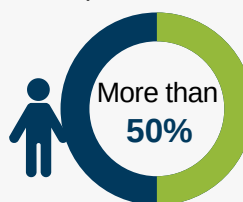


6 tehsils (of the 15 best performing tehsils) have an overall out of school girls number



>10,000

3 tehsils (out of 146 in Punjab) have



boys who are out of school

13 tehsils from Punjab make to the top 15 tehsils in national ranking of out of school girls

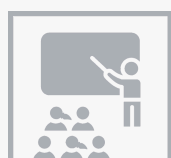


All tehsils from Lahore District have more **boys** out of school compared to girls



Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in province (out of 146)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
146	De-Excluded Area	Rajanpur	90.15%	5,830	573
145	Rojhan	Rajanpur	78.12%	54,036	506
144	Koh-e-Suleman	Dera Ghazi Khan	67.25%	26,948	403
143	Kot Chhutta	Dera Ghazi Khan	59.88%	87,925	340
142	Jampur	Rajanpur	59.38%	98,931	337
141	Alipur	Muzaffargarh	56.31%	65,844	312
140	Liaquat Pur	Rahimyar Khan	54.46%	99,489	302
139	Jatoi	Muzaffargarh	53.62%	75,113	293
138	Jalalpur Pirwala	Multan	53.50%	51,254	291
137	Rajanpur	Rajanpur	53.28%	76,458	290
136	Sadiqabad	Rahimyar Khan	51.81%	104,970	282
135	Dera Ghazi Khan	Dera Ghazi Khan	51.46%	116,674	277
134	Ahmadpur East	Bahawalpur	50.89%	102,309	270
133	Muzaffargarh	Muzaffargarh	48.68%	145,253	256
132	Khairpur Tamewali	Bahawalpur	45.22%	19,242	239

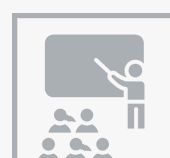


4 tehsils in the list above have



>100,000

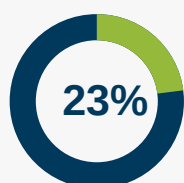
girls out of school



5 tehsil (from 146 in Punjab) have an overall out of school boys number



>100,000



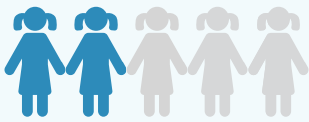
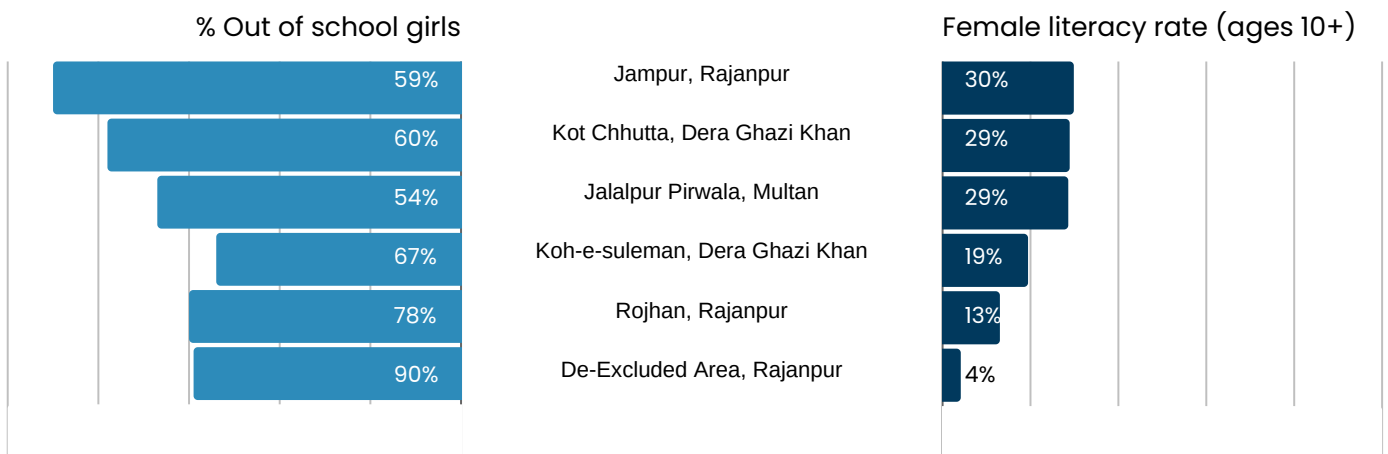
of the overall out of school girls in Punjab are from these 15 tehsils

These are the same tehsils with the highest quantum of out of school boys across the country

FEMALE LITERACY AND THE PREVALENCE OF OUT OF SCHOOL GIRLS

While intuitive, the data confirms the assumption that tehsils with lower female literacy rates tend to have a higher proportion of out of school girls and vice versa. This correlation indicates that when women in a community are not literate, it becomes more likely that the next generation of girls will also remain out of school, perpetuating the vicious cycle of educational deprivation

Tehsils with female literacy less than 30%



Only **38%** of girls are enrolled in school in tehsils with female literacy below 30 percent



There are 6 tehsils with a female literacy rate below **30%** in Punjab

Tehsils with female literacy above 80%



84% of the girls are enrolled in school in tehsils with female literacy rate above 80 percent



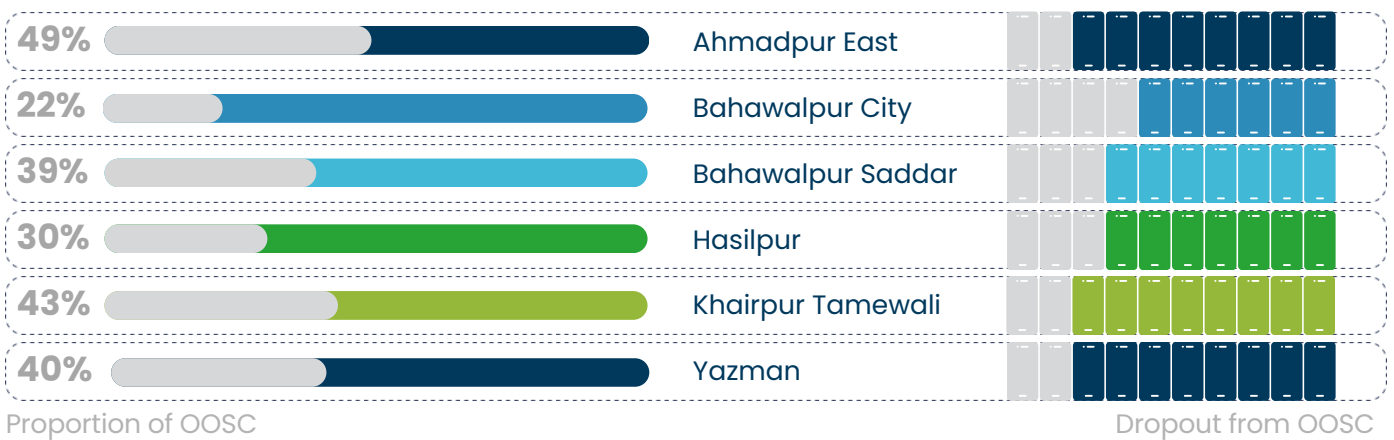
6 tehsils have female literacy above **80%** in Punjab

INTRA-DISTRICT DISPARITY

By examining data at the tehsil level, significant disparities within the districts become evident, enabling policymakers to make more localised decisions. Below are two such striking examples of these disparities

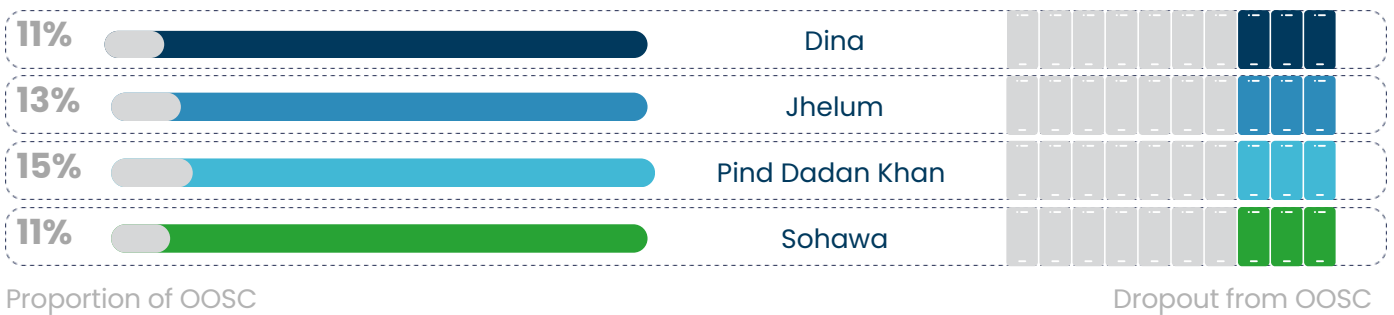
Bahawalpur

- Bahawalpur represents only 4% of the 5-16 population of Punjab but has 5% of the province's OOSC
- Bahawalpur as a district ranks 32 (out of 36) in the province
- The 6 tehsils of Bahawalpur have 487,764 children out of school, with 200,000 only in Ahmadpur East Tehsil compared to 36,669 in Khairpur Tamewali
- 5 out of 10 children in Ahmadpur East are out of school compare to 4 out of 10 in Bahawalpur Saddar



Jhelum

- Jhelum ranks at 4 nationally (out of 36 districts) and ranks 2 in Punjab (out of 26 districts). The 4 tehsils of Jhelum have 42,117 children who are out of school
- Among the out of school children in Jhelum, each tehsil has approximately 7 out of 10 children dropping out of school among the overall OOS population



URBAN-RURAL DISPARITY

Tehsil	District	Percentage of urban male literacy	Percentage of rural female literacy
Noorpur	Khushab	95%	51%
Quaidabad	Khushab	95%	51%
Kalur Kot	Bhakkar	95%	51%
Rahimyar Khan	Rahimyar Khan	95%	51%
Dera Ghazi Khan	Dera Ghazi Khan	95%	51%
Sadiqabad	Rahimyar Khan	95%	51%
Rojhan	Rajanpur	95%	51%

The greatest disparity in literacy rates is between urban males and rural females



with urban male literacy peaking at **95%** (Kotli Sattian, Rawalpindi)



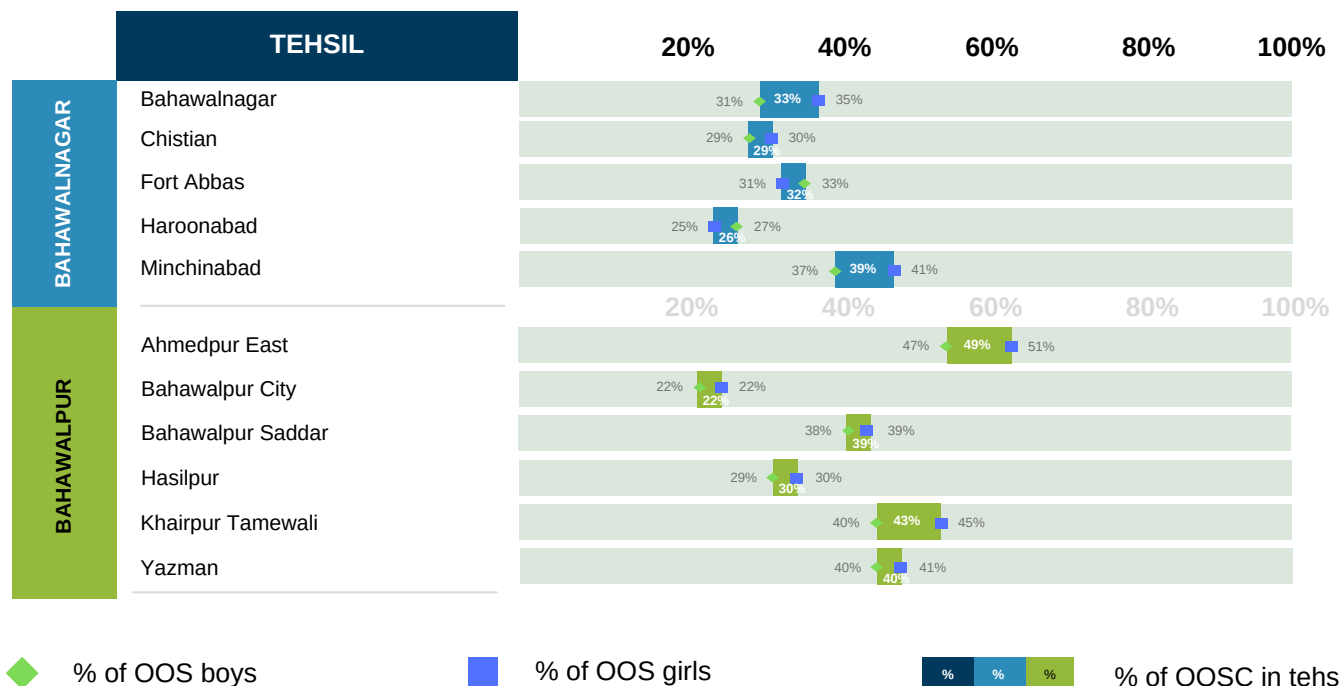
while **4%** rural female literacy in De-Excluded Area (Rajanpur)

Noorpur Tehsil (Khushab) has the highest variance between male urban literacy and female rural literacy (51 percent), followed by Sadiqabad Tehsil (Rahimyar Khan) with a different of 50 percent disparity in literacy rates



SOUTH PUNJAB

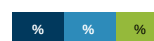
11 districts of South Punjab comprise of 45 tehsils (among 146 total tehsils of Punjab). South Punjab constitute of 49% of the total out of school children in Punjab, with 2.2 million out of school boys and 2.4 million out of school girls



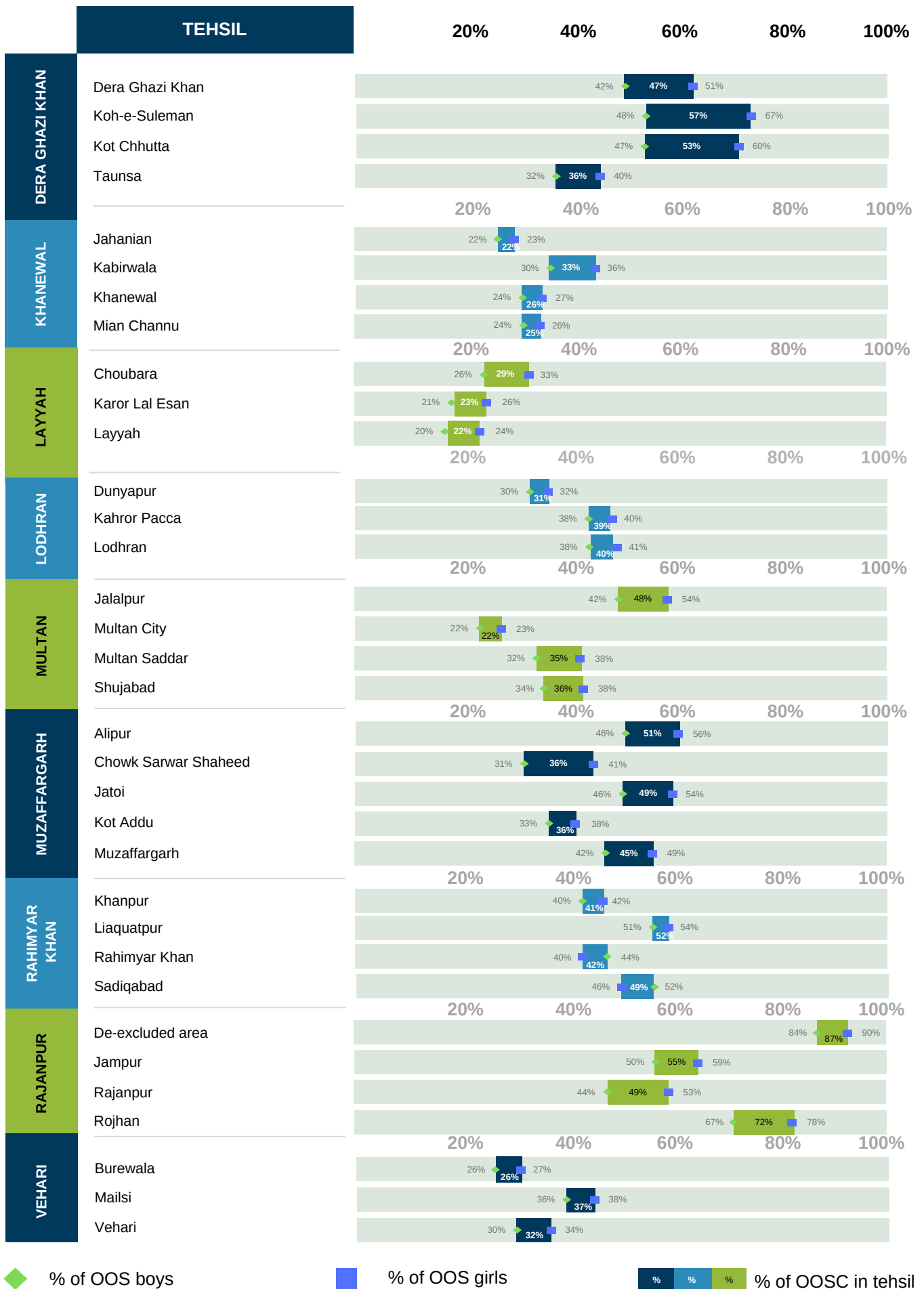
% of OOS boys



% of OOS girls



% of OOSC in tehsil



◆ % of OOS boys
 ■ % of OOS girls
 % % % % of OOS in tehsil

De-Excluded Area (Rajanpur) is the worst performing tehsil of South Punjab followed by Rojan Tehsil (Rajanpur) with 72% out of school children (78% OOSG and 67% OOSB)

PROVINCIAL CAPITAL: LAHORE

Lahore is home to 5 tehsils with more than 3.3 million children within 5 to 16 years of age, 21% of whom are not enrolled in school

Lahore Cantt

Proportion of OOSC **23%**
Number of OOSC 107,713



Lahore City

Proportion of OOSC **22%**
Number of OOSC 227,645



Model Town

Proportion of OOSC **23%**
Number of OOSC 190,654



Raiwind

Proportion of OOSC **24%**
Number of OOSC 72,162



Shalimar

Proportion of OOSC **17%**
Number of OOSC 120,025



Lahore District has the highest proportion of out of school boys when compared with all provincial capitals (54% of the out of school children in Lahore are boys). Within Lahore District, Raiwind Tehsil has the highest proportion of out of school boys (25%), with Lahore City Tehsil housing more than 200,000 children between the ages of 5-16 years who are out of school

SINDH

سندھ

7,818,248 of them are out of school
(46% of all children)



The total number of
5-16 years olds in
Sindh is

16,891,397

48%
3,729,504
boys



52%
4,088,394
girls



65% of OOSC live
in rural areas

5.1M



35% live in urban
areas

2.7M



80%

of children are out of school
in 5 tehsils (out of 138) in
Sindh



88%

of children in Khario Chan
(Sujawal) are out of school,
the highest proportion in
Sindh

TEHSIL RANKINGS

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 138)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
1	Gulshan-e-Iqbal	Karachi East	18.22%	42,660	48
2	Gulberg	Karachi Central	19.26%	26,410	57
3	Mirpurkhas	Mirpurkhas	19.65%	15,092	61
4	North Nazimabad	Karachi Central	19.88%	46,403	62
5	Model Colony	Karachi Korangi	19.91%	21,656	63
6	Saddar	Karachi South	20.13%	7,656	68
7	Jamshed Quarters	Karachi East	20.66%	35,121	71
8	Aram Bagh	Karachi South	20.94%	13,171	74
9	Liaquatabad	Karachi Central	22.12%	30,842	88
10	Civil Lines	Karachi South	22.86%	24,638	99
11	Shah Faisal	Karachi Korangi	23.13%	38,462	103
12	Garden	Karachi South	23.18%	29,937	104
13	Nazimabad	Karachi Central	23.44%	36,036	108
14	Ferozabad	Karachi East	24.43%	76,438	114



14 Tehsils / 138 Tehsils

with the least proportion of OOSC in Sindh have between 18-24 percent of 5-16 years old not in school

The top performing 14 tehsils are restricted to of Karachi's 7 districts and Mirpurkhas.

7 tehsils have the number of overall OOSC

>30,000



None of Sindh tehsils made it into the national-ranking's top performing tehsils with the least proportion of OOSC in Pakistan

Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school children)

OOSC rank in province (out of 138)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSC
138	Kharo Chan	Sujawal	87.86%
137	Keti Bunder	Thatta	87.59%
136	Ghorabari	Thatta	84.15%
135	Shah Bunder	Sujawal	82.42%
134	Jati	Sujawal	81.72%
133	Khanpur	Shikarpur	77.30%
132	Mirpur Sakro	Thatta	74.25%
131	Dahli	Tharparkar	72.58%
130	Thatta	Thatta	71.53%
129	Golarchi (S.F.Rahu)	Badin	70.73%
128	Kandhkot	Kashmore	70.73%
127	Tangwani	Kashmore	70.43%
126	Mirpur Bathoro	Sujawal	69.13%
125	Kashmore	Kashmore	68.95%

Number of OOSC	OOSC rank in country (out of 591)
3,518	585
17,658	583
56,738	578
44,566	571
59,527	569
106,433	557
91,408	541
88,325	529
102,682	519
87,366	514
103,870	513
84,812	510
52,255	499
115,554	497



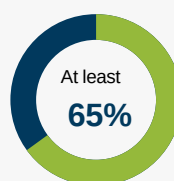
12 tehsils (out of these 14) have

>30,000

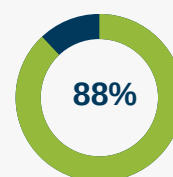
children not going to school

Kashmore Tehsil (Kashmore District) has

115,554



of children in the least performing tehsils are out of school



of children in Kharo Chan (Sujawal) are out of school

The least performing 15 tehsils represent 6 districts across 3 divisions of the province.



OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN: NEVER BEEN TO SCHOOL AND DROPPED OUT



OOSC consists of both children who have attended school in the past but dropped out and those who have never attended or enrolled in school



85% OOSC
have never been
to school



15% OOSC
have dropped out



DROPOUT RATE

3 tehsils have dropout rates higher than 50% (in Districts Karachi South and Central) with Gulberg Tehsil at 62%



NEVER ENROLLED

12 tehsils have a rate of children who have never enrolled higher than 95% with Kharo Chan (Sujawal) at more than 99% children who have never been to school

Dropout rates are higher in tehsils with a low proportion of out of school children (ranked high), while the highest rates of children never enrolled are found in regions with a high proportion of out of school children (ranked low)



DELAYED ENROLMENT

Delayed enrolments contribute to a significant proportion of out of school children in early years. 50% of the children in Sindh who have never been enrolled lie within the 5-9 years age bracket.

Among the 6.6 million never enrolled 5-16 year olds in Sindh



50% of the never enrolled boys are within 5-9 year age bracket



50% of the never enrolled girls are within 5-9 year age bracket.

GENDER DISPARITY

Best performing tehsils (least proportion of out of school girls)

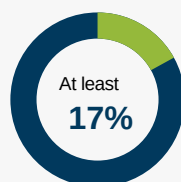
OOSG rank in province (out of 138)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG
1	Gulshan-e-Iqbal	Karachi East	17.00%
2	Gulberg	Karachi Central	18.07%
3	North Nazimabad	Karachi Central	19.24%
4	Jamshed Quarters	Karachi East	19.43%
5	Model Colony	Karachi Korangi	19.61%
6	Liaquatabad	Karachi Central	20.08%
7	Aram Bagh	Karachi South	20.71%
8	Saddar	Karachi South	20.81%
9	Mirpurkhas	Mirpur Khas	21.28%
10	Ferozabad	Karachi East	21.54%
11	Nazimabad	Karachi Central	22.36%
12	Shah Faisal	Karachi Korangi	22.86%
13	Garden	Karachi South	23.35%
14	New Karachi	Karachi Central	24.31%

Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
18,927	40
11,704	47
20,709	58
15,485	59
10,084	61
13,342	65
6,079	70
3,749	71
7,770	76
31,371	80
15,758	91
17,727	93
14,390	96
37,090	103



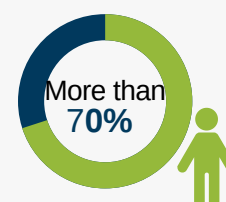
3 tehsils still have an overall out of school girls number

>20,000



of girls in the top 14 tehsils in Sindh are out of school

7 tehsils (out of 138 in Sindh) have



boys who are out of school

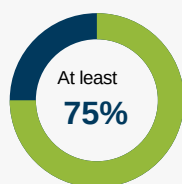
None of the Sindh tehsils made it into the top 25 in the country based on out of school girls proportion

Least performing tehsils (highest proportion of out of school girls)

OOSG rank in province (out of 138)	Tehsil	District	Percentage of OOSG	Number of OOSG	OOSG rank in country (out of 591)
138	Kharo Chan	Sujawal	93.91%	1,650	585
137	Keti Bunder	Thatta	90.84%	8,978	577
136	Shah Bunder	Sujawal	89.51%	22,322	570
135	Jati	Sujawal	88.72%	28,880	566
134	Ghorabari	Thatta	87.02%	28,489	556
133	Khanpur	Shikarpur	80.81%	50,345	524
132	Dahli	Tharparkar	80.14%	43,998	519
131	Golarchi (S.F.Rahu)	Badin	78.70%	45,029	509
130	Tangwani	Kashmore	78.20%	45,295	507
129	Mirpur Sakro	Thatta	76.96%	46,611	496
128	Mirpur Bathoro	Sujawal	76.48%	27,526	492
127	Kashmore	Kashmore	75.61%	62,864	485
126	Nagar Parkar	Tharparkar	75.54%	34,873	484
125	Kandhkot	Kashmore	75.17%	52,645	478



12 tehsil in the list above have an overall out of school girls number **>20,000**



of girls in the least performing tehsils are out of school



10 tehsil (from 136 in Sindh) have overall out of school **boys** number **>50,000**

The lowest 14 tehsils in Sindh rank within the bottom 25% of the national level out of school girls ranking

5 of the above mentioned tehsils are from districts of Karachi

FEMALE LITERACY AND THE PREVALENCE OF OUT OF SCHOOL GIRLS

While intuitive, the data confirms the assumption that tehsils with lower female literacy rates tend to have a higher proportion of out of school girls and vice versa. This correlation indicates that when women in a community are not literate, it becomes more likely that the next generation of girls will also remain out of school, perpetuating the vicious cycle of educational deprivation

Tehsils with female literacy less than 20%

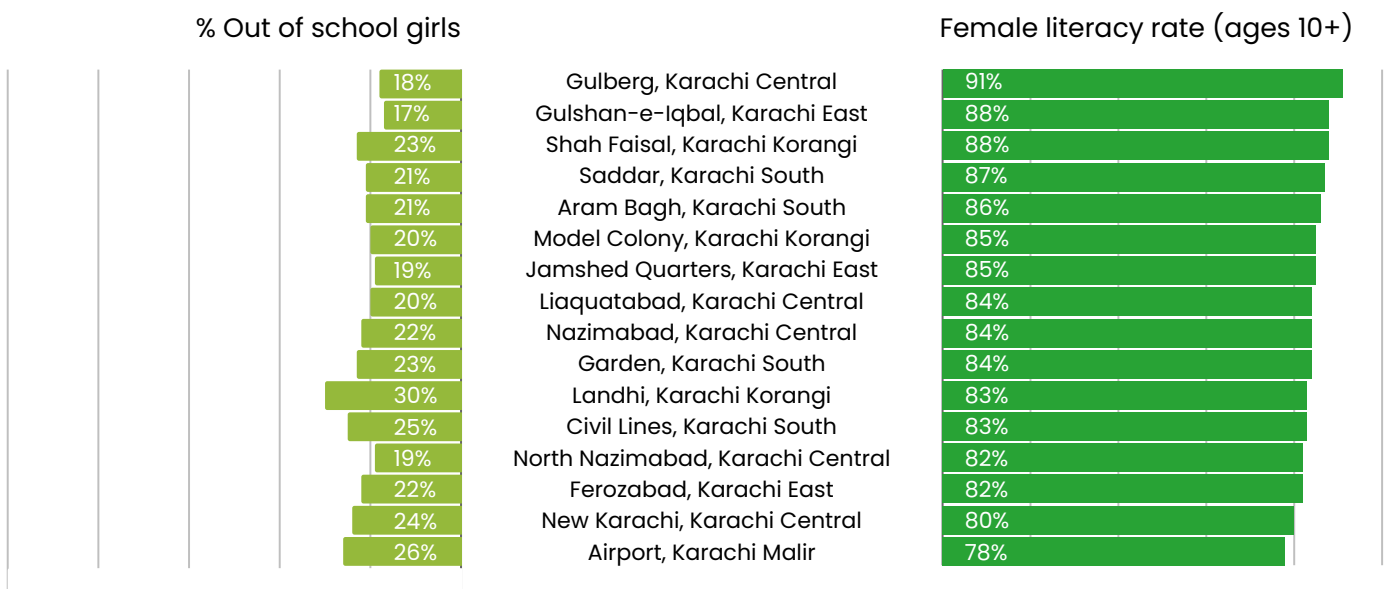


Only **21%** of girls are in school in tehsils with female literacy below 20 percent



There are 10 tehsils with a female literacy rate below **20%** in Sindh

Tehsils with female literacy above 75%



78% of girls are in school in tehsils with female literacy above 75 percent



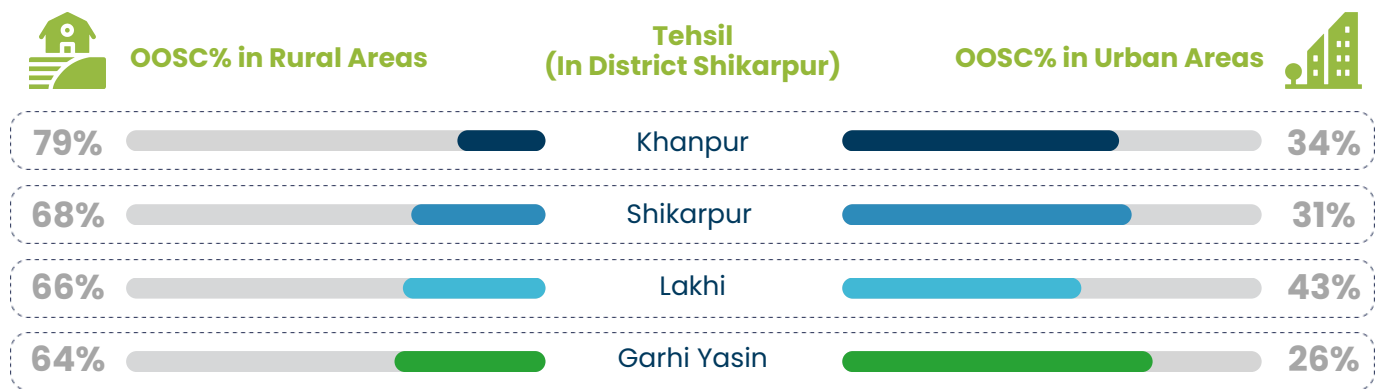
16 tehsils have a female literacy rate above **75%**

INTRA-DISTRICT DISPARITY

By examining data at the tehsil level, significant disparities within the district become evident, enabling policymakers to make more localised decisions. Below are two such striking examples of these disparities

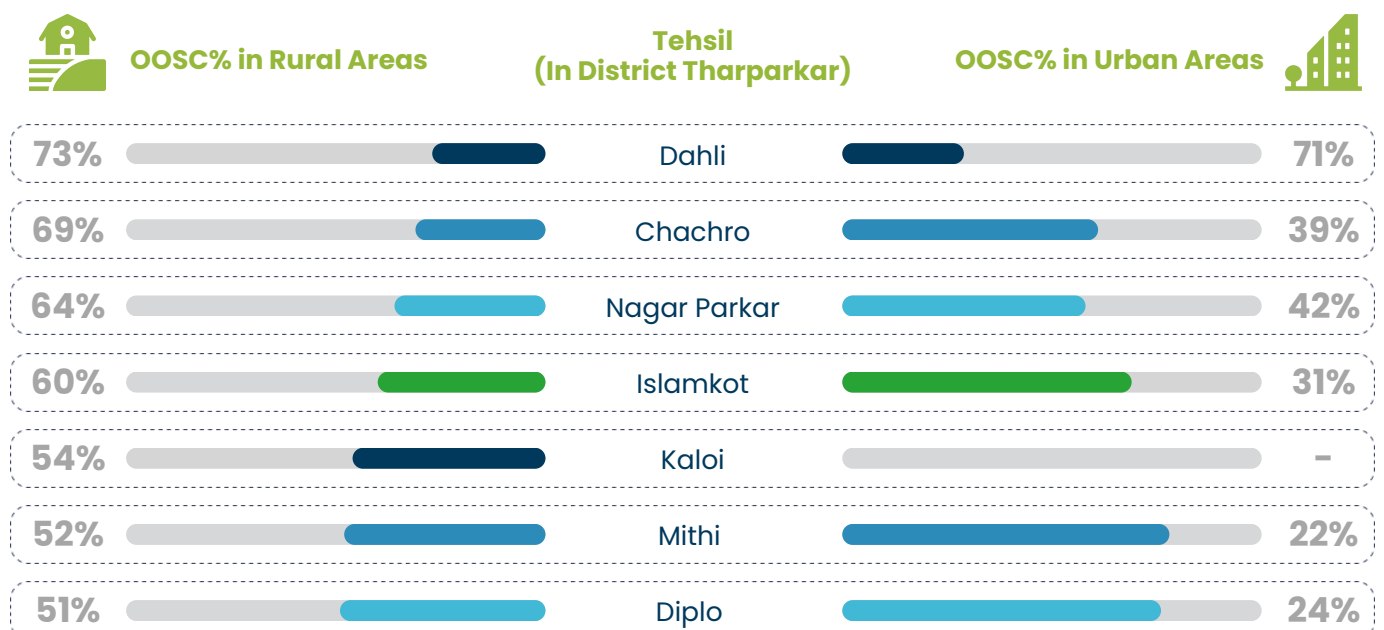
Shikarpur

- Shikarpur represents 3% of the 5-16 population of Sindh but has 4% of the province's OOSC
- The 4 tehsils of Shikarpur have a large variation between urban and rural proportion of OOSC. More than 7 out of 10 children in urban Garhi Yasin are in school, as compared to 2 out of 10 in rural Khanpur
- Shikarpur as a district ranks 25 (out of 30) in the province but its tehsils rank range from 72 to 107 (out of 138 tehsils)



Tharparkar

- Tharparkar represents 4% of the 5-16 population of the province but has 5% of the province's OOSC
- The 7 tehsils of Tharparkar have a large variation between urban and rural proportion of OOSC. Almost 8 out of 10 children in urban Mithi are in school, as compared to 3 out of 10 in rural Dahli
- Tharparkar as a district ranks in the bottom half of the districts at 23 (out of 30) in the province but the tehsils range from ranking as high as 50 (in the top first half) to as low as 131 (out of 138 tehsils)



URBAN-RURAL DISPARITY

The greatest disparity in literacy rates is between urban males and rural females



with urban male literacy peaking at **93% in Thano Bula Khan** (Jamshoro)



while the lowest rural female literacy rate is a mere **6% in Kharo Chan** (Sujawal)



2 out of the 5 tehsils that have more than **80% OOSC** are exclusively rural tehsils



In Sindh, the female literacy is 50%
In rural tehsils, female literacy is 27.5%
In urban tehsils, female literacy is 68%

PROVINCIAL CAPITAL: KARACHI

Karachi is home to 31 tehsils across 7 districts with 5.6 million children within 5 to 16 years of age. 32% of them are out of school

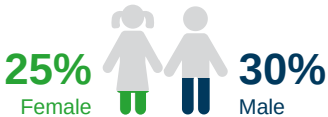
Karachi Central

Proportion of OOSC **23%**
Number of OOSC **222,825**



Karachi East

Proportion of OOSC **27%**
Number of OOSC **286,039**



Karachi South

Proportion of OOSC **26%**
Number of OOSC **155,238**



Karachi West

39% Proportion of OOSC
298,918 Number of OOSC



Karachi Keamari

42% Proportion of OOSC
251,655 Number of OOSC



Karachi Korangi

32% Proportion of OOSC
291,201 Number of OOSC



Karachi Malir

42% Proportion of OOSC
291,573 Number of OOSC



Karachi has the highest quantum of out of school children among all provincial capitals (almost 1.8 million). Ibrahim Hydri Tehsil (Karachi Malir) has the highest quantum of out of school children (182,139) in any tehsil in Karachi's districts

CONCLUSION

This report offers a starting point to the federal and provincial School Education Department(s) to devise customised pathways to address the challenge of out of school children in each district and its tehsils. The complexity of the OOSC issue requires data driven insights that inform targeted policy actions and a robust system for tracking progress.

Pakistan's rapidly growing population amplifies the urgency of this task. If we continue to rely on conventional strategies like enrolment drives without addressing the underlying factors that contribute to high OOSC rates, we risk perpetuating the cycle of educational exclusion. By embracing a data centric approach and fostering collaboration across all levels of government, we can change education programming in Pakistan to be impactful.

The mantra is simple: each tehsil and district must have its unique pathway, shaped by the local circumstances and challenges it faces.

ANNEX

TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL



ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
591	Kot Mandai	Sibi	Balochistan	91.62%	3,336
590	Toi Khulla	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	90.85%	29,721
589	Sanni	Kachhi	Balochistan	89.17%	69,500
588	Battaira	Kolai Palas Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	88.48%	53,261
587	Gichk	Panjgur	Balochistan	88.31%	6,794
586	Talao	Duki	Balochistan	87.99%	5,628
585	Kharo Chan	Sujawal	Sindh	87.86%	3,518
584	Kandia	Upper Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	87.83%	47,115
583	Keti Bunder	Thatta	Sindh	87.59%	17,658
582	Chattar	Nasirabad	Balochistan	87.56%	9,119
581	Dobandi	Killa Abdullah	Balochistan	87.51%	22,126
580	De-Excluded Area	Rajanpur	Punjab	86.87%	12,417
579	Baba Kot	Nasirabad	Balochistan	84.93%	18,062
578	Ghorabari	Thatta	Sindh	84.15%	56,738
577	Landhi	Nasirabad	Balochistan	84.07%	2,608
576	Saroon	Khuzdar	Balochistan	83.51%	11,130
575	Gharyum	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	83.28%	5,589
574	Bankand Ranolia	Lower Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	83.05%	57,876
573	Loti	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	83.04%	6,651
572	Dasht-e-Goran	Surab	Balochistan	82.90%	8,830
571	Shah Bunder	Sujawal	Sindh	82.42%	44,566
570	Kahan	Kohlu	Balochistan	82.14%	34,230
569	Jati	Sujawal	Sindh	81.72%	59,527
568	Aranji	Khuzdar	Balochistan	81.66%	14,362
567	Dassu	Upper Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	81.43%	39,593
566	Kallag	Panjgur	Balochistan	80.68%	4,247
565	Malam	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	80.25%	11,033
564	Ghulam Khan	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	78.65%	8,527

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Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
563	Taftan	Chagai	Balochistan	77.97%	5,680
562	Sherani	Sherani	Balochistan	77.94%	55,915
561	Mawand	Kohlu	Balochistan	77.79%	15,102
560	Sangan	Sibi	Balochistan	77.70%	1,571
559	Razmak	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	77.51%	15,050
558	Ambar Utman Khel	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	77.37%	23,757
557	Khanpur	Shikarpur	Sindh	77.30%	106,433
556	Yak Machh	Chagai	Balochistan	77.22%	6,970
555	Qadirabad	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	77.11%	10,058
554	Pir Koh	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	76.80%	11,261
553	Wazir	Bannu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	76.59%	10,237
552	Mir Hassan Khosa	Nasirabad	Balochistan	76.18%	15,381
551	Washuk	Washuk	Balochistan	75.94%	15,277
550	Dureji	Lasbela	Balochistan	75.30%	13,482
549	Sangsillah	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	75.16%	3,117
548	Killa Abdullah	Killa Abdullah	Balochistan	75.10%	41,249
547	Shinki	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	74.90%	15,905
546	Tamboo	Nasirabad	Balochistan	74.75%	43,120
545	Palas	Kolai Palas Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	74.68%	27,072
544	Baiker	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	74.52%	9,837
543	Badini	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	74.43%	6,283
542	Ornach	Khuzdar	Balochistan	74.31%	8,578
541	Mirpur Sakro	Thatta	Sindh	74.25%	91,408
540	Balanari	Kachhi	Balochistan	74.06%	15,136
539	Harnai	Harnai	Balochistan	73.86%	22,529
538	Datta Khel	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	73.82%	22,718
537	Dossali	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	73.65%	13,922
536	Pattan	Lower Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	73.59%	32,681
535	Nag	Washuk	Balochistan	73.57%	16,735
534	Shaktoi	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	73.43%	11,429

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
533	Mach	Kachhi	Balochistan	73.11%	22,902
532	Mashkhel	Washuk	Balochistan	72.79%	18,736
531	Lakhra	Lasbela	Balochistan	72.75%	12,266
530	Gulistan	Killa Abdullah	Balochistan	72.70%	28,901
529	Dahli	Tharparkar	Sindh	72.58%	88,325
528	Grisani	Kohlu	Balochistan	72.41%	4,679
527	Central Kurram	Kurram	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	72.38%	97,242
526	Luni	Duki	Balochistan	72.20%	2,665
525	Rojhan	Rajanpur	Punjab	72.11%	107,164
524	Drazanda	Dera Ismail Khan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	71.79%	21,228
523	Tiarza	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	71.71%	16,069
522	Khattan	Kachhi	Balochistan	71.67%	6,916
521	Shahoo Garhi	Washuk	Balochistan	71.59%	18,302
520	Birmil	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	71.56%	30,165
519	Thatta	Thatta	Sindh	71.53%	102,682
518	Chaman Saddar	Chaman	Balochistan	71.49%	94,637
517	Upper Mohmand	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	71.01%	16,653
516	Lehri	Sibi	Balochistan	70.96%	14,504
515	Mirpur	Jhal Magsi	Balochistan	70.90%	4,115
514	Golarchi (S.F.Rahu)	Badin	Sindh	70.73%	87,366
513	Kandhkot	Kashmore	Sindh	70.73%	103,870
512	Loiband	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	70.66%	7,540
511	Liari	Lasbela	Balochistan	70.57%	4,409
510	Tangwani	Kashmore	Sindh	70.43%	84,812
509	Shaheed Meharabad Zehri	Surab	Balochistan	70.36%	16,460
508	Martung	Shangla	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	70.31%	25,332
507	Harban Bhasha	Upper Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	70.28%	11,729
506	Chagai	Chagai	Balochistan	69.81%	19,128
505	Spinwam	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	69.78%	13,279
504	Salarzai	Bajaur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	69.73%	78,874

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Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
503	Kashatoo	Zhob	Balochistan	69.66%	1,543
502	Gandakha	Jaffarabad	Balochistan	69.42%	19,955
501	Duki	Duki	Balochistan	69.34%	32,972
500	Kanraj	Lasbela	Balochistan	69.17%	3,892
499	Mirpur Bathoro	Sujawal	Sindh	69.13%	52,255
498	Gresha	Khuzdar	Balochistan	69.08%	17,294
497	Kashmore	Kashmore	Sindh	68.95%	115,554
496	Sinjawi	Ziarat	Balochistan	68.82%	29,608
495	Tohmulk	Kharan	Balochistan	68.63%	13,407
494	Nal	Khuzdar	Balochistan	68.36%	26,157
493	Sui	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	68.35%	30,518
492	Ashwat	Zhob	Balochistan	68.31%	7,670
491	Judba	Torghar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	68.19%	15,304
490	Bostan	Pishin	Balochistan	68.19%	11,443
489	Wadh	Khuzdar	Balochistan	68.12%	27,847
488	Bettani	Lakki Marwat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	68.11%	8,732
487	Mamund	Bajaur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	68.09%	85,924
486	Safi	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	67.97%	27,373
485	Surab	Surab	Balochistan	67.77%	23,786
484	Sujawal	Sujawal	Sindh	67.62%	47,898
483	Bulri Shah Karim	Tando Muhammad Khan	Sindh	67.56%	52,520
482	Jhal Magsi	Jhal Magsi	Balochistan	67.54%	30,580
481	Bar Chamer Kand	Bajaur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	67.25%	840
480	Chamber	Tando Allahyar	Sindh	67.04%	50,580
479	Dera Murad Jamali	Nasirabad	Balochistan	66.73%	62,917
478	Chachro	Tharparkar	Sindh	66.67%	91,083
477	Gowargo	Panjgur	Balochistan	66.66%	6,348
476	Karakh	Khuzdar	Balochistan	66.49%	7,404
475	Zamoran	Kech	Balochistan	66.45%	10,074
474	Thul	Jacobabad	Sindh	66.27%	124,903

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Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
473	Khoast	Harnai	Balochistan	66.23%	3,563
472	Nawagai	Bajaur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	66.12%	23,763
471	Besima	Washuk	Balochistan	66.11%	14,960
470	Gidder	Surab	Balochistan	65.91%	20,351
469	Upper	Orakzai	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	65.62%	28,902
468	Gazg	Kalat	Balochistan	65.47%	1,860
467	Sambaza	Zhob	Balochistan	65.40%	7,017
466	Pindiali	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	64.76%	25,985
465	Moola	Khuzdar	Balochistan	64.65%	8,401
464	Hurram Zai	Pishin	Balochistan	64.58%	34,239
463	Barshore	Pishin	Balochistan	64.44%	36,329
462	Dalbandin	Chagai	Balochistan	64.42%	29,085
461	Jhat Pat	Jaffarabad	Balochistan	64.35%	71,634
460	Qubo Saeed Khan	Kambar Shahdadkot	Sindh	64.15%	21,844
459	Tando Ghulam Hyder	Tando Muhammad Khan	Sindh	64.11%	43,344
458	Jaheen Parome	Panjgur	Balochistan	64.08%	6,947
457	Tamboo	Kohlu	Balochistan	63.98%	8,310
456	Thano Bula Khan	Jamshoro	Sindh	63.93%	30,913
455	Samaro	Umerkot	Sindh	63.87%	39,913
454	Jhal Jao	Awaran	Balochistan	63.68%	6,648
453	Miran Shah	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	63.67%	26,622
452	Sararogha	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	63.63%	31,356
451	Thal Chutyali	Duki	Balochistan	63.47%	5,554
450	Nagar Parkar	Tharparkar	Sindh	63.43%	61,574
449	Sindhri	Mirpurkhas	Sindh	63.40%	54,830
448	Bhag	Kachhi	Balochistan	63.29%	18,049
447	Khad Kocha	Mastung	Balochistan	63.03%	11,278
446	Makin	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	62.99%	13,329
445	Johan	Kalat	Balochistan	62.99%	3,550
444	Sar Kharan	Kharan	Balochistan	62.83%	21,756

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
443	Korak Jhao	Awaran	Balochistan	62.79%	6,662
442	Tiyar Essot	Musakhel	Balochistan	62.63%	3,250
441	Killa Saifullah	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	62.60%	34,212
440	Jam Nawaz Ali	Sanghar	Sindh	62.59%	35,270
439	Zimri Plaseen	Musakhel	Balochistan	62.50%	2,078
438	Saranan	Pishin	Balochistan	62.42%	13,754
437	Hoshab	Kech	Balochistan	62.40%	13,780
436	Gandawa	Jhal Magsi	Balochistan	62.38%	15,713
435	Wana	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	62.36%	40,217
434	Faridabad	Sohbatpur	Balochistan	62.22%	15,578
433	Patkain	Kharan	Balochistan	62.04%	4,229
432	Usta Muhammad	Jaffarabad	Balochistan	61.95%	46,296
431	Panhwar	Sohbatpur	Balochistan	61.82%	10,736
430	Chakisar	Shangla	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	61.50%	28,437
429	Lakhi	Shikarpur	Sindh	61.45%	64,410
428	Badin	Badin	Sindh	61.29%	95,608
427	Khipro	Sanghar	Sindh	61.25%	73,502
426	Khuzdar	Khuzdar	Balochistan	61.22%	79,162
425	Jhando Mari	Tando Allahyar	Sindh	61.09%	50,982
424	Daraban	Dera Ismail Khan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	61.07%	31,177
423	Garhi Khairo	Jacobabad	Sindh	60.97%	43,980
422	Bakka Khel	Bannu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	60.96%	40,108
421	Shewa	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	60.90%	9,459
420	Mulla Gori	Khyber	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	60.67%	8,090
419	Garhi Yasin	Shikarpur	Sindh	60.60%	68,010
418	Dasht	Mastung	Balochistan	60.54%	14,210
417	Kulachi	Dera Ismail Khan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	60.39%	20,378
416	Salehpat	Sukkur	Sindh	60.33%	28,436
415	Barang	Bajaur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	60.28%	20,309
414	Sanghar	Sanghar	Sindh	60.17%	94,690

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
413	Panjgur	Panjgur	Balochistan	60.09%	66,479
412	Mekhtar	Loralai	Balochistan	60.05%	10,582
411	Toisar	Musakhel	Balochistan	59.97%	13,565
410	Tando Bago	Badin	Sindh	59.90%	81,785
409	Nokundi	Chagai	Balochistan	59.84%	7,328
408	Hussain Bux Mari	Mirpurkhas	Sindh	59.53%	33,051
407	Dasht	Kech	Balochistan	59.39%	17,345
406	Talhar	Badin	Sindh	59.38%	34,909
405	Mir Ali	North Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	58.99%	45,034
404	Seo	Upper Kohistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	58.89%	11,617
403	Shahrig	Harnai	Balochistan	58.77%	6,173
402	Sinjhero	Sanghar	Sindh	58.70%	66,959
401	Jandola	Tank	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	58.65%	9,162
400	Ubauro	Ghotki	Sindh	58.65%	73,763
399	Miro Khan	Kambar Shahdadkot	Sindh	58.55%	36,729
398	Nara	Khairpur	Sindh	58.45%	34,529
397	Daharki	Ghotki	Sindh	58.43%	63,385
396	Islamkot	Tharparkar	Sindh	58.38%	52,436
395	Manjhand	Jamshoro	Sindh	58.28%	30,813
394	Barkhan	Barkhan	Balochistan	57.84%	46,164
393	Kirdgap	Mastung	Balochistan	57.60%	7,587
392	Kunri	Umerkot	Sindh	57.41%	44,635
391	Kakar Khurasan	Zhob	Balochistan	57.28%	3,078
390	Jacobabad	Jacobabad	Sindh	57.26%	88,290
389	Kharan	Kharan	Balochistan	57.26%	22,230
388	Koh-e-Suleman	Dera Ghazi Khan	Punjab	57.19%	47,135
387	Shah Mureed	Karachi Malir	Sindh	57.09%	6,155
386	Zehri	Khuzdar	Balochistan	57.07%	34,570
385	Johi	Dadu	Sindh	56.95%	62,528
384	Pishin	Pishin	Balochistan	56.91%	59,382

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
383	Dera Bugti	Dera Bugti	Balochistan	56.89%	9,953
382	Uthal	Lasbela	Balochistan	56.71%	17,102
381	Pithoro	Umerkot	Sindh	56.68%	25,145
380	Tando Muhammad Khan	Tando Muhammad Khan	Sindh	56.29%	45,957
379	Sibi	Sibi	Balochistan	56.26%	27,791
378	Matiari	Matiari	Sindh	56.23%	67,801
377	Warah	Kambar Shahdadkot	Sindh	56.20%	47,589
376	Kambar Ali Khan	Kambar Shahdadkot	Sindh	55.95%	84,428
375	Jhudo	Mirpurkhas	Sindh	55.76%	41,011
374	Sujawal Junejo	Kambar Shahdadkot	Sindh	55.70%	25,352
373	Mangochar	Kalat	Balochistan	55.58%	16,638
372	Kot Ghulam Muhammad	Mirpurkhas	Sindh	55.58%	57,595
371	Matli	Badin	Sindh	55.36%	81,716
370	Mirpur Mathelo	Ghotki	Sindh	55.35%	63,323
369	Central	Orakzai	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	55.35%	18,643
368	Bela	Lasbela	Balochistan	55.03%	24,012
367	Khar Bajaur	Bajaur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	54.84%	59,077
366	Bulaida	Kech	Balochistan	54.65%	17,625
365	Jampur	Rajanpur	Punjab	54.52%	183,129
364	Prang Ghar	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	54.46%	6,831
363	Daur Mera	Torghar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	54.38%	9,751
362	Bara	Khyber	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	54.02%	111,845
361	Utman Khel	Bajaur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	53.86%	24,107
360	Rohri	Sukkur	Sindh	53.81%	77,742
359	Tando Allahyar	Tando Allahyar	Sindh	53.80%	68,927
358	Domel	Bannu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	53.79%	39,642
357	Kaloi	Tharparkar	Sindh	53.71%	21,457
356	Kot Chhutta	Dera Ghazi Khan	Punjab	53.32%	158,666
355	Muslim Bagh	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	53.05%	16,116
354	Dak	Nushki	Balochistan	53.00%	3,020

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
353	Hub	Lasbela	Balochistan	53.00%	39,655
352	Shujaabad	Mirpurkhas	Sindh	52.71%	29,500
351	Ghotki	Ghotki	Sindh	52.70%	91,701
350	Balnigore	Kech	Balochistan	52.62%	7,461
349	Khengarh	Ghotki	Sindh	52.48%	28,307
348	Tando Adam	Sanghar	Sindh	52.39%	66,101
347	Liaquatpur	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab	52.38%	204,083
346	Shahdadkot	Kambar Shahdadkot	Sindh	51.53%	37,147
345	Meryan	Bannu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	51.40%	29,051
344	Bisham	Shangla	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	51.37%	22,180
343	Zhob	Zhob	Balochistan	51.31%	54,341
342	Serwekai	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	51.25%	10,616
341	Shikarpur	Shikarpur	Sindh	51.23%	68,148
340	Dhadar	Kachhi	Balochistan	51.14%	7,852
339	Alipur	Muzaffargarh	Punjab	51.01%	122,050
338	Allai	Batagram	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	51.01%	38,722
337	Suntser	Gwadar	Balochistan	50.98%	4,180
336	Ziarat	Ziarat	Balochistan	50.90%	13,960
335	Paroa	Dera Ismail Khan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	50.89%	55,553
334	Kazi Ahmed	Shaheed Benazirabad	Sindh	50.82%	64,178
333	Umerkot	Umerkot	Sindh	50.72%	103,035
332	Tump	Kech	Balochistan	50.45%	21,361
331	Landi Kotal	Khyber	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	50.34%	56,912
330	Mashkai	Awaran	Balochistan	50.26%	7,727
329	Musakhel	Musakhel	Balochistan	50.17%	9,863
328	Digri	Mirpurkhas	Sindh	49.99%	36,068
327	Chaman City	Chaman	Balochistan	49.76%	23,262
326	Sehwan	Jamshoro	Sindh	49.74%	51,349
325	Bakrani	Larkana	Sindh	49.63%	45,155
324	Sohbatpur	Sohbatpur	Balochistan	49.63%	11,944

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
323	Shahdadpur	Sanghar	Sindh	49.54%	82,173
322	Jatoi	Muzaffargarh	Punjab	49.50%	141,197
321	Lower Kurram	Kurram	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	49.41%	24,859
320	Ismail Zai	Orakzai	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	49.28%	6,751
319	Daur	Shaheed Benazirabad	Sindh	49.13%	83,166
318	Nasirabad	Kambar Shahdadkot	Sindh	49.01%	27,467
317	Sonmiani/Winder	Lasbela	Balochistan	48.79%	9,921
316	Rajanpur	Rajanpur	Punjab	48.75%	140,109
315	Ahmadpur East	Bahawalpur	Punjab	48.71%	200,279
314	Pano Aqil	Sukkur	Sindh	48.60%	70,756
313	Diplo	Tharparkar	Sindh	48.57%	23,892
312	Sadiqabad	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab	48.55%	208,827
311	Kan Mehtarzai	Killa Saifullah	Balochistan	48.44%	5,269
310	Sarai Naurang	Lakki Marwat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	48.42%	54,115
309	Mehar	Dadu	Sindh	48.25%	82,389
308	Kingri	Khairpur	Sindh	48.14%	58,741
307	Panjpai	Quetta	Balochistan	48.08%	3,663
306	Tank	Tank	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	48.05%	72,188
305	Jalalpur Pirwala	Multan	Punjab	47.95%	92,427
304	Hair Din	Sohbatpur	Balochistan	47.90%	3,140
303	Tall	Hangu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	47.68%	40,317
302	Hyderabad	Hyderabad	Sindh	47.40%	72,017
301	Kalat	Kalat	Balochistan	47.20%	30,205
300	Manjhipur	Sohbatpur	Balochistan	47.14%	3,763
299	Yake Ghund	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	46.95%	10,015
298	Khairpur Nathan Shah	Dadu	Sindh	46.87%	57,881
297	Kakki	Bannu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	46.82%	13,814
296	Alpuri	Shangla	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	46.79%	60,297
295	Dera Ghazi Khan	Dera Ghazi Khan	Punjab	46.79%	216,301
294	Ladha	South Waziristan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	46.71%	16,589

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
293	Kot Diji	Khairpur	Sindh	46.58%	58,423
292	Bori	Loralai	Balochistan	46.51%	36,756
291	Dokri	Larkana	Sindh	46.26%	38,391
290	Puran	Shangla	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	46.16%	27,470
289	Saeedabad	Matiari	Sindh	45.99%	25,735
288	Saeed Muhammad Kanrani	Sohbatpur	Balochistan	45.87%	3,199
287	Ibrahim Hydri	Karachi Malir	Sindh	45.37%	182,139
286	Muzaffargarh	Muzaffargarh	Punjab	45.25%	276,410
285	Badhber	Peshawar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	45.19%	66,941
284	Gambat	Khairpur	Sindh	45.16%	41,335
283	Mastung	Mastung	Balochistan	45.13%	24,627
282	Awaran	Awaran	Balochistan	44.97%	7,659
281	Khander	Torghar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	44.78%	13,023
280	Bin Qasim	Karachi Malir	Sindh	44.63%	40,895
279	Sakrand	Shaheed Benazirabad	Sindh	44.44%	60,047
278	Mithi	Tharparkar	Sindh	44.39%	34,209
277	Baldia	Karachi Keamari	Sindh	44.35%	123,704
276	Nushki	Nushki	Balochistan	44.25%	28,049
275	Sharingal	Upper Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	44.13%	32,351
274	Manghopir	Karachi West	Sindh	44.08%	137,012
273	Sariab	Quetta	Balochistan	44.01%	84,600
272	Karezat	Pishin	Balochistan	43.75%	9,111
271	Hala	Matiari	Sindh	43.65%	36,154
270	Larkana	Larkana	Sindh	43.27%	117,118
269	Orangi	Karachi West	Sindh	42.86%	80,961
268	Khairpur Tamewali	Bahawalpur	Punjab	42.80%	36,669
267	Mirwah	Khairpur	Sindh	42.74%	52,104
266	Ratodero	Larkana	Sindh	42.71%	52,289
265	Sobho Dero	Khairpur	Sindh	42.60%	38,004
264	Kohlu	Kohlu	Balochistan	42.57%	7,195

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
263	Bhiria	Naushahro Feroze	Sindh	42.37%	42,434
262	Jiwani	Gwadar	Balochistan	42.36%	5,355
261	Mand	Kech	Balochistan	42.32%	5,928
260	Gishkore	Awaran	Balochistan	42.11%	4,755
259	Jamrud	Khyber	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	42.08%	36,663
258	Nana Sahib	Pishin	Balochistan	41.94%	6,195
257	Behrain	Swat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	41.82%	39,354
256	Rahimyar Khan	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab	41.81%	225,217
255	Naushahro Feroze	Naushahro Feroze	Sindh	41.78%	52,043
254	Halim Zai	Mohmand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	41.62%	12,468
253	Lakki Marwat	Lakki Marwat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	41.45%	43,525
252	Kuchlak	Quetta	Balochistan	41.40%	38,492
251	Mauripur	Karachi Keamari	Sindh	41.29%	26,471
250	Khanpur	Rahimyar Khan	Punjab	41.28%	143,803
249	Batagram	Batagram	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	41.25%	47,542
248	Lower	Orakzai	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	41.04%	18,711
247	Keamari	Karachi Keamari	Sindh	41.02%	54,643
246	Dadu	Dadu	Sindh	40.58%	65,033
245	Faiz Ganj	Khairpur	Sindh	40.51%	31,348
244	Yazman	Bahawalpur	Punjab	40.40%	81,783
243	Kotri	Jamshoro	Sindh	40.28%	56,348
242	Gulzar-e-Hijri	Karachi East	Sindh	40.08%	131,820
241	Gadap	Karachi Malir	Sindh	39.93%	10,911
240	Lodhran	Lodhran	Punjab	39.83%	100,046
239	Kingri	Musakhel	Balochistan	39.83%	4,402
238	Mandanr	Buner	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	39.79%	24,630
237	Chagharzai	Buner	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	39.77%	17,180
236	Korangi	Karachi Korangi	Sindh	39.61%	176,081
235	Pishta Khara	Peshawar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	39.41%	63,285
234	Minchinabad	Bahawalnagar	Punjab	39.08%	75,583

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
233	Dera Ismail Khan	Dera Ismail Khan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	39.00%	92,478
232	Bannu	Bannu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	38.96%	81,291
231	Kahror Pacca	Lodhran	Punjab	38.82%	63,459
230	New Sukkur	Sukkur	Sindh	38.70%	42,303
229	Bahawalpur Saddar	Bahawalpur	Punjab	38.67%	76,825
228	Kandiario	Naushahro Feroze	Sindh	38.65%	43,216
227	Banda Daud Shah	Karak	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	38.58%	21,157
226	Samarbagh	Lower Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	38.55%	56,447
225	Shah Alam	Peshawar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	38.46%	67,851
224	Moro	Naushahro Feroze	Sindh	38.41%	48,179
223	Hangu	Hangu	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	37.56%	34,524
222	Mathra	Peshawar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	37.24%	61,698
221	Mailsi	Vehari	Punjab	37.17%	120,803
220	Khairpur	Khairpur	Sindh	37.15%	52,882
219	Dir	Upper Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	36.96%	50,088
218	Saddar	Quetta	Balochistan	36.81%	35,627
217	SITE	Karachi Keamari	Sindh	36.63%	46,837
216	Chowk Sarwar Shaheed	Muzaffargarh	Punjab	36.48%	48,922
215	Nawabshah	Shaheed Benazirabad	Sindh	36.31%	51,825
214	Taunsa	Dera Ghazi Khan	Punjab	36.20%	92,863
213	Gadezai	Buner	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	35.96%	23,841
212	Shujabad	Multan	Punjab	35.89%	74,527
211	Matta	Swat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	35.66%	68,488
210	Daggar	Buner	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	35.64%	22,915
209	Kot Addu	Muzaffargarh	Punjab	35.56%	122,054
208	Multan Saddar	Multan	Punjab	35.26%	154,691
207	Ghazni Khel	Lakki Marwat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	35.03%	35,729
206	Gagra	Buner	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	34.94%	20,764
205	Khawazakhela	Swat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	34.79%	36,872
204	Qasimabad	Hyderabad	Sindh	34.74%	33,925

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
203	Cham Kani	Peshawar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	34.66%	70,542
202	Murad Memon	Karachi Malir	Sindh	34.49%	34,552
201	Gwadar	Gwadar	Balochistan	34.38%	16,588
200	Mehrappur	Naushahro Feroze	Sindh	34.18%	28,791
199	Paharpur	Dera Ismail Khan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	33.41%	43,753
198	Kabirwala	Khanewal	Punjab	33.17%	110,210
197	Wari	Upper Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	33.03%	43,732
196	Bahawalnagar	Bahawalnagar	Punjab	32.79%	99,947
195	Khado Khel	Buner	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	32.54%	14,298
194	Quetta City	Quetta	Balochistan	32.16%	114,129
193	Fort Abbas	Bahawalnagar	Punjab	32.16%	48,264
192	Vehari	Vehari	Punjab	31.98%	97,822
191	Rustam	Mardan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	31.83%	27,830
190	Kohat	Kohat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	31.64%	80,034
189	Ghari Kapoora	Mardan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	31.59%	31,500
188	Shorkot	Jhang	Punjab	31.38%	56,680
187	Gumbat	Kohat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	31.28%	11,589
186	Kabal	Swat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	31.20%	49,482
185	Shabqadar	Charsadda	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	31.04%	43,169
184	Dunyapur	Lodhran	Punjab	30.92%	50,741
183	Turbat	Kech	Balochistan	30.78%	43,143
182	Gaddani	Lasbela	Balochistan	30.75%	2,405
181	Lyari	Karachi South	Sindh	30.67%	79,836
180	Charbagh	Swat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	30.52%	16,551
179	Drug	Musakhel	Balochistan	30.47%	2,062
178	Tangi	Charsadda	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	30.32%	45,926
177	Darya Khan	Bhakkar	Punjab	30.15%	34,942
176	Mankera	Bhakkar	Punjab	30.14%	25,567
175	Mominabad	Karachi West	Sindh	30.10%	80,945
174	Bhawana	Chiniot	Punjab	29.87%	37,717

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
173	Barikot	Swat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	29.78%	21,410
172	Ferozewala	Sheikhupura	Punjab	29.77%	83,323
171	Landhi	Karachi Korangi	Sindh	29.71%	55,002
170	Hasilpur	Bahawalpur	Punjab	29.70%	43,225
169	Hassan Khel	Peshawar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	29.66%	6,585
168	Ormara	Gwadar	Balochistan	29.60%	2,067
167	Chistian	Bahawalnagar	Punjab	29.37%	74,969
166	Tandlianwala	Faisalabad	Punjab	29.31%	67,693
165	Choubara	Layyah	Punjab	29.27%	25,438
164	Kalur Kot	Bhakkar	Punjab	29.18%	33,061
163	Peshawar	Peshawar	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	29.11%	183,026
162	Isakhel	Mianwali	Punjab	29.05%	33,842
161	Chiniot	Chiniot	Punjab	28.94%	53,691
160	Drosh	Lower Chitral	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	28.93%	10,011
159	Depalpur	Okara	Punjab	28.92%	134,713
158	Pakpattan	Pakpattan	Punjab	28.75%	93,699
157	Arif Wala	Pakpattan	Punjab	28.73%	82,310
156	Lal Qila	Lower Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	28.52%	24,099
155	Quaidabad	Khushab	Punjab	28.37%	20,991
154	Piplan	Mianwali	Punjab	28.35%	37,149
153	Mardan	Mardan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.87%	87,814
152	Upper Kurram	Kurram	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.81%	23,369
151	Lachi	Kohat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.51%	12,126
150	Charsadda	Charsadda	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.51%	77,535
149	Hyderabad City	Hyderabad	Sindh	27.49%	54,176
148	Babuzai	Swat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.45%	62,163
147	Darra Adam Khel	Kohat	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.42%	12,087
146	Lahor	Swabi	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.26%	29,047
145	Latifabad	Hyderabad	Sindh	27.25%	51,334
144	Nowshera	Nowshera	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	27.21%	65,963

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
143	Bhakkar	Bhakkar	Punjab	27.15%	60,782
142	Kot Radha Kishan	Kasur	Punjab	27.13%	33,355
141	Larjum	Upper Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	26.96%	11,232
140	Takht-e-Nasrati	Karak	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	26.94%	24,638
139	Sahiwal	Sahiwal	Punjab	26.83%	126,346
138	Lalian	Chiniot	Punjab	26.63%	37,422
137	18-Hazari	Jhang	Punjab	26.55%	26,139
136	Chichawatni	Sahiwal	Punjab	26.54%	83,415
135	Topi	Swabi	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	26.51%	30,492
134	Jehangira	Nowshera	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	26.35%	35,028
133	Jhang	Jhang	Punjab	26.35%	124,456
132	Burewala	Vehari	Punjab	26.32%	88,758
131	Haroonabad	Bahawalnagar	Punjab	26.16%	46,118
130	Razar	Swabi	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	26.08%	54,725
129	New Karachi	Karachi Central	Sindh	26.02%	83,134
128	Oghi	Mansehra	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	25.95%	20,575
127	Ahmadpur Sial	Jhang	Punjab	25.86%	38,488
126	Takht Bhai	Mardan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	25.81%	58,267
125	Khanewal	Khanewal	Punjab	25.80%	72,763
124	Airport	Karachi Malir	Sindh	25.65%	16,921
123	Okara	Okara	Punjab	25.28%	98,317
122	Mian Channu	Khanewal	Punjab	25.21%	62,517
121	Pattoki	Kasur	Punjab	25.13%	77,616
120	Pindi Bhattian	Hafizabad	Punjab	25.07%	39,953
119	Pabbi	Nowshera	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	24.95%	39,223
118	Malakwal	Mandi Bahauddin	Punjab	24.70%	27,684
117	Sukkur City	Sukkur	Sindh	24.66%	18,033
116	Nankana Sahib	Nankana Sahib	Punjab	24.49%	76,681
115	Mianwali	Mianwali	Punjab	24.45%	57,255
114	Ferozabad	Karachi East	Sindh	24.43%	76,438

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
113	Kot Momin	Sargodha	Punjab	24.42%	37,763
112	Raiwind	Lahore	Punjab	24.21%	72,162
111	Noorpur	Khushab	Punjab	24.18%	17,063
110	Kamalia	Toba Tek Singh	Punjab	23.53%	27,528
109	Darband	Mansehra	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	23.51%	3,518
108	Nazimabad	Karachi Central	Sindh	23.44%	36,036
107	Karor Lal Esan	Layyah	Punjab	23.20%	46,155
106	Pasni	Gwadar	Balochistan	23.19%	5,431
105	Baffa Pakhal	Mansehra	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	23.19%	32,144
104	Garden	Karachi South	Sindh	23.18%	29,937
103	Shah Faisal	Karachi Korangi	Sindh	23.13%	38,462
102	Adenzai	Lower Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	23.09%	27,943
101	Mandi Bahauddin	Mandi Bahauddin	Punjab	22.94%	46,758
100	Lahore Cantt	Lahore	Punjab	22.92%	107,713
99	Civil Lines	Karachi South	Sindh	22.86%	24,638
98	Model Town	Lahore	Punjab	22.85%	190,654
97	Chunian	Kasur	Punjab	22.76%	65,713
96	Karak	Karak	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	22.67%	23,198
95	Safdarabad	Sheikhupura	Punjab	22.55%	20,000
94	Jahanian	Khanewal	Punjab	22.49%	24,529
93	Multan City	Multan	Punjab	22.48%	153,731
92	Shah Kot	Nankana Sahib	Punjab	22.24%	17,856
91	Layyah	Layyah	Punjab	22.18%	73,614
90	Muridke	Sheikhupura	Punjab	22.17%	46,161
89	Pirmahal	Toba Tek Singh	Punjab	22.16%	31,436
88	Liaquatabad	Karachi Central	Sindh	22.12%	30,842
87	Kasur	Kasur	Punjab	22.04%	97,678
86	Renala Khurd	Okara	Punjab	22.03%	31,859
85	Swabi	Swabi	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	21.89%	31,325
84	Bahawalpur City	Bahawalpur	Punjab	21.78%	48,983

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
83	Lahore City	Lahore	Punjab	21.68%	227,645
82	Katlang	Mardan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	21.67%	25,558
81	Sam Rani Zai	Malakand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	21.57%	23,719
80	Jaranwala	Faisalabad	Punjab	21.57%	102,416
79	Gujranwala Saddar	Gujranwala	Punjab	21.35%	65,060
78	Sharak Pur	Sheikhupura	Punjab	21.26%	13,646
77	Phalia	Mandi Bahauddin	Punjab	21.15%	35,957
76	Swat Rani Zai	Malakand	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	21.13%	31,264
75	Hasan Abdal	Attock	Punjab	21.07%	14,767
74	Aram Bagh	Karachi South	Sindh	20.94%	13,171
73	Timergara	Lower Dir	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	20.85%	41,044
72	Gujranwala City	Gujranwala	Punjab	20.67%	138,687
71	Jamshed Quarters	Karachi East	Sindh	20.66%	35,121
70	Kamoke	Gujranwala	Punjab	20.56%	38,585
69	Sheikhupura	Sheikhupura	Punjab	20.32%	98,946
68	Saddar	Karachi South	Sindh	20.13%	7,656
67	Toba Tek Singh	Toba Tek Singh	Punjab	20.08%	45,430
66	Faisalabad Saddar	Faisalabad	Punjab	20.05%	94,382
65	Khushab	Khushab	Punjab	20.04%	40,658
64	Chak Jhumra	Faisalabad	Punjab	20.03%	19,954
63	Model Colony	Karachi Korangi	Sindh	19.91%	21,656
62	North Nazimabad	Karachi Central	Sindh	19.88%	46,403
61	Mirpurkhas	Mirpurkhas	Sindh	19.65%	15,092
60	Hazro	Attock	Punjab	19.40%	19,808
59	Sangla Hill	Nankana Sahib	Punjab	19.34%	13,902
58	Shahpur	Sargodha	Punjab	19.32%	21,366
57	Gulberg	Karachi Central	Sindh	19.26%	26,410
56	Sargodha	Sargodha	Punjab	19.13%	90,775
55	Sillanwali	Sargodha	Punjab	19.11%	20,762
54	Fateh Jang	Attock	Punjab	19.10%	18,191

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
53	Hafizabad	Hafizabad	Punjab	19.09%	38,814
52	Gojra	Toba Tek Singh	Punjab	18.95%	37,996
51	Nowshera Virkan	Gujranwala	Punjab	18.75%	34,152
50	Sahiwal	Sargodha	Punjab	18.49%	19,753
49	Bhera	Sargodha	Punjab	18.40%	18,931
48	Gulshan-e-Iqbal	Karachi East	Sindh	18.22%	42,660
47	Nowshera	Khushab	Punjab	18.03%	6,097
46	Balakot	Mansehra	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	17.83%	16,986
45	Mansehra	Mansehra	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	17.73%	38,069
44	Rawalpindi	Rawalpindi	Punjab	17.45%	163,943
43	Wazirabad	Gujranwala	Punjab	17.44%	45,483
42	Shalimar	Lahore	Punjab	17.26%	120,025
41	Sammundri	Faisalabad	Punjab	17.21%	33,229
40	Faisalabad City	Faisalabad	Punjab	17.16%	161,424
39	Ghazi	Haripur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	16.98%	7,049
38	Taxila	Rawalpindi	Punjab	16.76%	32,364
37	Attock	Attock	Punjab	16.61%	20,722
36	Pindi Gheb	Attock	Punjab	16.60%	12,360
35	Bhalwal	Sargodha	Punjab	16.58%	17,323
34	Lawa	Chakwal	Punjab	15.71%	5,314
33	Sarai Alamgir	Gujrat	Punjab	15.69%	11,599
32	Islamabad	Islamabad	Islamabad Capital Territory	15.06%	89,127
31	Chakwal	Chakwal	Punjab	15.05%	27,673
30	Pind Dadan Khan	Jhelum	Punjab	15.00%	13,320
29	Shakargarh	Narowal	Punjab	14.89%	31,670
28	Gujrat	Gujrat	Punjab	14.82%	65,602
27	Talagang	Chakwal	Punjab	14.74%	15,907
26	Narowal	Narowal	Punjab	14.50%	27,782
25	Jand	Attock	Punjab	13.92%	10,947
24	Kallar Kahar	Chakwal	Punjab	13.87%	6,389

ANNEX: TEHSIL RANKING - NATIONAL

Rank OOSC (Out of 591)	Tehsil	District	Province	Percentage of OOSC	Number of OOSC
23	Zafarwal	Narowal	Punjab	13.85%	19,582
22	Chitral	Lower Chitral	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	13.79%	7,271
21	Kharian	Gujrat	Punjab	13.77%	41,003
20	Choa Saidan Shah	Chakwal	Punjab	13.70%	5,504
19	Haripur	Haripur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	13.45%	30,525
18	Sambrial	Sialkot	Punjab	13.14%	16,294
17	Daska	Sialkot	Punjab	13.02%	34,904
16	Jhelum	Jhelum	Punjab	12.92%	15,786
15	Havelian	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	12.86%	9,454
14	Gujar Khan	Rawalpindi	Punjab	12.71%	24,477
13	Sialkot	Sialkot	Punjab	12.56%	68,877
12	Khanpur	Haripur	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	12.46%	6,264
11	Pasrur	Sialkot	Punjab	12.19%	33,485
10	Lower Tanawal	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	11.93%	1,849
9	Lora	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	11.62%	2,919
8	Abbottabad	Abbottabad	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	11.55%	31,190
7	Sohawa	Jhelum	Punjab	11.05%	6,014
6	Dina	Jhelum	Punjab	10.85%	6,997
5	Mastuj	Upper Chitral	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	10.46%	4,613
4	Kallar Syedan	Rawalpindi	Punjab	9.76%	5,763
3	Murree	Rawalpindi	Punjab	9.13%	5,927
2	Kotli Sattian	Rawalpindi	Punjab	8.52%	2,499
1	Kahuta	Rawalpindi	Punjab	7.66%	4,442
PAKISTAN				35.60%	25,373,350

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